The Daily Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME 48. WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, AUGUST 7, 1833. NUMBER 98.

Edited and Published by Neville B. Craig, near the South West corner of the Diamond—at $6 per annum, in advance. ☞The Gazette is also published weekly, (on an elephant sheet,) at $2 per annum, in advance; or, $3 at the end of the year.—No paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid. ☞Advertisements published on liberal terms.

JUST RECEIVED

And for Sale by ALEX. BAILIE, corner of Market and Third streets,

OLD L. P. MADEIRA, in bottles and on draught;
Pale Sherry, Lobo Brand;
Brown do. very rich;
Golden do. do.;
Grape Juice Port, very rich;
Old L. P. Teneriffe;
Old Cette Madeira;
Lisbon, very superior;
Malmsey Madeira, very rich;
Champagne, celebrated Anchor Brand;
Claret, Leo Ville, and St. Julian, very superior;
Old Hock, 1811;
Sauterne, very fine;
Also, Superior Old Virgin and Champagne Brandy;
Holland Gin, Old and Genuine;
Jamaica Spirits;
All of which are offered at reduced prices—apply as above. May 14—tf

CITY DISPENSARY,

Physicians' Prescription, and FAMILY MEDICINE STORE,

S. E. corner of the Diamond and Market street,

PITTSBURGH.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of Pittsburgh and vicinity, that the above establishment is now in complete operation.

Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Medicines will be carefully prepared, and put up with accuracy and despatch, at all hours, day and night.

The subscribers flatter themselves, from their knowledge in the Prescription and Apothecary Business, that they will be enabled to render general satisfaction. Their medicines have been selected with great care, and will at all times be subject to the inspection of the Physicians of the city.

J. B. COCHRAN,
THOMAS MILLER,

Acting Partner of the late firm of Thompson & Miller.

N. B.—The Dispensary will be accessible on Sundays. March 15—tf

JOHNSTON & STOCKTON,

Booksellers, Printers, Book-Binders and Paper Manufacturers.

No. 37, Market Street, Pittsburgh

march 14.—tf.

TO BOTTLERS.

PORTER, Pint Porter, and Claret Bottles—received on consignment, and for sale, by the gross at No. 81, Wood street, or dozen, by

THOMPSON & SCOTT.

☞N. B.—A lot of second hand Oil and Alcohol Barrels, for sale very low.

May 14, 1833.

FAMILY FLOUR,

CONSTANTLY kept for sale by CASSAT, HUTCHISON & LEDLIE, No. 8, Market street.

march 8, 1833.

5000 LBS. COTTON YARN, No. 5 *a* 10;
600 lbs. Candlewick;
Carded Cotton;
Carpet Yarn and Coverlet Yarn.
Sattinet Warps.

For sale by GEO. COCHRAN, of R'd, January 29, 1833. No. 26 Wood street.

For Sale,

DRAFTS on Wheeling, Cincinnati, and Louisville, at par, payable at sight.

GEORGE A. COOK,
Exchange Broker, No. 48, Wood street, Pittsburgh. March 12.

COOK'S REGISTER *and Lottery and Exchange Telegraph* is published semi-monthly, at one dollar per annum.

Contents—Bank Note Table of the Rates of Exchange at Pittsburgh; a copious description of the altered and counterfeit Bank Notes that are in circulation in the west; a list of Broken Banks; prices of Gold, Stocks, &c. Subscriptions received at GEORGE A. COOK'S Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

October 21, 1831.—tf

Saddlers' Tacks and Sparables.

60 BOXES assorted sizes, received from the manufacturer, and for sale at *eastern prices*, by JAMES IRWIN,
Corner of Market and Water streets.

April 19, 1833—tf

STONE'S Letters on Masonry and Anti-Masonry—Just received and for sale at

S. J. SYLVESTER'S,
April 9. Corner of Wood and Third streets

OFFICE for the purchase and sale of Gold, Silver, Notes, Bills of Exchange, Stocks, &c.; No. 68 WOOD STREET. Western, and every description of Bank Note Paper, purchased at a low rate of discount.

WANTED,

Doubloons, Sovereigns, Guineas, Napoleons, Thalers, Eagles, Louisd'ors, Bank of England Notes, at high premiums.

6 per cent. allowed on Special Deposits, in sums not less than $100, to remain 30 days or more. Drafts and Notes of hand collected.

GEO A. COOK, Exchange Broker.

April 9, 1833.

HERBS.

AN assortment of carefully dried Medicinal and Culinary Herbs; put up in the neatest manner by the Shakers, among which are Lemon Balm, Hoarhound, Catnep, Peppermint, Spearmint, Pennyroyal, Rue, Sage, Tanzey, Summer Savory, Thoroughmost Hyssop, Sweet Marjorum, Wormwood, Digitalis, Lobelia, Inflata, Slippery Elm Bark, &c. &c. Just received and for sale by

H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co.,
Corner of Fifth and Market streets.

April 23—tf

REMOVAL.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF PAPER AND PAPER HANGINGS, have removed their Store from the corner of Third and Wood Streets to No. 80 Front Street, between Market and Wood Streets, where they continne to keep on hand a General Assortment of

Writing, Wrapping, Printing, and Wall PAPER.

☞Paper of all sizes and descriptions made to order, at the shortest notice.

☞They will also continue to keep on hand a supply of SCHOOL BOOKS, suitable for Country Merchants.

☞The highest market price will always be given for Rags, Tanners' Scraps, and Scutching Tow.

May 28, 1833.—tf

J. CHISLETT,

PORTRAIT PAINTER,

Penn Street, Corner of Garrison Alley,

PITTSBURGH.

J. C. takes this opportunity of soliciting the patronage of the inhabitants of Pittsburgh, and would be happy to show his specimens to those who may favor him with a call.

May 3—tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE Subscribers, having associated themselves together, under the firm of

Darlington & Peebles,

(Late B. Darlington) as Wholesale Dealers in FOREIGN & DOMESTIC HARDWARE,

No. 51 Market, between 3d & 4th streets,

Where they now have, and are receiving a general and splendid assortment of Cutlery, Plated and Tinned Saddlery, Plated Castors, do. Candle Sticks, Waiters, Snuffers and Trays, Shovels and Tongs, Astral, Stand, and Hanging Lamps, Hair Cloth for Sofas; together with all kinds of Birmingham goods, viz: Anvils, Vices, Steel, Mill & Cross Cut Saws, Shovels, Spades, and Axes. All which they offer on the most accommodating terms. Merchants and others are invited to call and examine.

ALSO,

A well selected assortment of Edge Tools,
BENCH AND MOULDING PLANES.

B. DARLINGTON,
ROBERT H. PEEBLES.

N. B. All those that are indebted to B. Darlington, either by Note or Book Account, will please call and settle, with as little delay as possible, and those having claims will present them for settlement.

B. DARLINGTON.

Nov. 20, 1832.—tf.

GEO. W. CARPENTER'S

COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA,

A Valuable Remedy for Syphilis, Mercurial, and Scrophulous Diseases.

TWO Table Spoons full of the Fluid Extract, added to fifteen ounces of Simple Syrup, immediately produces a mixture similar to a pound of the Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla, and the same quantity added to fifteen ounces of water, instantly forms a mixture equivalent to a pint of Lisbon Diet Drink.

ALSO,

GEORGE W. CARPENTER'S

Compound Fluid Extract of Buchu,

For Diseases of the Bladder, Chronic Gonorrhoea, and Gleets of long standing.

For Sale at H. P. SCHWARTZ & CO's Drug Store, No. 42 Market street.

December 4, 1832.—tf

A. LAMONT & Co's Patent Vices:
Fullers' Screws:
Timber Wheel, do.:
Mill, do.:
Mill Spindles:
Blanchard's Cast Steel Corn & Grass Scythes:
Do. German do. do.
Thompson's Sickles—on hand and for sale by

JAMES IRWIN,
Corner of Market & Water sts.

March 29—tf

LAW NOTICE.

THE Subscribers, having associated in the PRACTICE OF THE LAW, will attend to the duties of their Profession in the county of Allegheny and the adjacent counties. Their Office is in the house recently occupied by T. B. Dallas, Esq., in Liberty street, and opposite to Fifth street, where they may, at all times, be consulted on professional business.

JOHN D. MAHON,
WILLIAM W. IRWIN.

June 4, 1833—tf

NOTICE.

CHRIS'R MAGEE having taken his nephew, C. L. MAGEE, into partnership, the public are respectfully informed that the business heretofore conducted by him will be continued under the firm of C. & C. L. MAGEE, at the old stand, No. 40 Market street, between Second and Third streets, where they will keep a constant supply of HATS, of the first rate workmanship, and of the newest fashion, which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms.

CHRIS'R MAGEE,
C. L. MAGEE.

Pittsburgh, may 10, 1831—tf

Bibliotheque Choisie de Litterature Francais.

SELECT Library of Modern French Literature.—No. 1 contains "Les Ecorcheurs ou L'usurpation et La Peste, Fragmens Historiques —1418—Par M. Le Vicomte D'Arlincourt."

The above work is published semi monthly—each number contains 60 pages closely printed. Price six dollars per annum, or five paid in advance. Apply to JOHN I. KAY & Co.,

Booksellers, No. 44 Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh. July 23—tf.

Commission and Forwarding Business,

AND GENERAL AGENCY.

THE Subscribers have entered into partnership for the transaction of the above business, at Louisville, in Kentucky.

WILLIAM SRODES,
LEANDER CLARKE.

June 18, 1833—3m

New Stourbridge Glass Works.

J. ROBINSON & SON,

GRATEFUL for the very liberal patronage they have heretofore received, beg leave to inform their friends and the public, that they have considerably reduced the prices of their Glass.—They still continue to manufacture all kinds of

FLINT GLASS WARE,

AT THEIR OLD STAND,

No. 10, Corner of Ross and Second streets,

where all orders in their line will meet with immediate attention.

A large and general assortment will be kept constantly on hand. Orders can be filled at the shortest notice.

N. B. Terms will be found as low as at any other manufactory in the western country.

Pittsburgh, March 8.—tf.

BOOKS LOST!

5 VOLUMES of Niles' Register, to wit—16, 18, 22, 23, and 26th volumes.

Also, a number of LAW BOOKS.

☞ Persons who have any of them, are requested to return them to the office of the subscriber.

W. W. FETTERMAN.

June 4, 1833.

REMOVAL.

TASSEY & CHURCH

HAVE Removed to the extensive Ware-Houses, Numbers 108 and 110, Second, between Wood and Smithfield streets, lately occupied by Messrs. Cochran & Irwin, where they intend keeping constantly on hands, a full supply of all articles in the

GROCERY LINE,

TOGETHER WITH AN ASSORTMENT OF

JUNIATA IRON AND NAILS, COPPER, TIN PLATE, AND WIRE.

Feb. 12, 1833.—tf

FOR SALE,

A VERY ELIGIBLE PIECE OF GROUND upon Market street, in the city of Pittsburgh, between Second and Third streets, now occupied by H. Ward, containing, in Front, on Market street, thirty-two, and extending back sixty feet.—For terms, inquire of JOHN HORNER.

Feb. 28, 1832.—tf

30 CASKS superior Sugar-house Molasses;
400 Missouri Hides;
10 quarter Casks Malaga Wine;
20 hhds. N. O. Sugar;
50 boxes smoked Herring;
100 do. Cincinnati Soap;

Received by late arrivals, and for sale by

H. MAC SHANE,
Feb. 14—tf. 76 Front street.

JOHN D. MAHON,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

FROM CARLISLE, Pa.

HAVING removed to Pittsburgh, will attend to the business of his Profession, in the several Courts of Allegheny and the adjacent Counties. ☞ Office, No. 44 Fourth street, near Market. Pittsburgh, Nov. 6—tf

TO RENT,

10 FRAME HOUSES—pleasantly situated in the village of Croghansville. Possession can be given immediately; rent very low.

Apply to JAMES BLAKELY,
May 24—tf Bayardstown.

VALUABLE LAW LIBRARY.

THE Gentlemen of the Bar are respectfully informed that we have lately received, on consignment, an extensive Law Library, among which are some very valuable Reports. We are instructed to sell the books at the lowest prices.

JOHN I. KAY & Co.,
44 Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh.

April 19—tf

FOR RENT,

A FIRST Rate Wagon Tavern Stand. Also, for Rent, several Business Stands, situated in the most public parts of the city. For terms, inquire of DAVID GREER,

Jan. 15, 1833. *Lumber Merchant.*

LEADEN PIPE.

I HAVE commenced the manufacture of LEADEN PIPE, and will furnish and lay the same, at the most reasonable rate. Any quantity required, warranted to be of the best quality, will be furnished at the shortest notice. JOHN SHERIFF.

Nov. 28, 1828.—tf.

Jefferson Foundry.

THE UNDERSIGNED most respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have commenced the Iron Foundry Business, on the premises, Front street, (between Smithfield and Grant streets,) known as the Jefferson Foundry, where all orders will be received for Castings, Land or Boat Steam Engines, Machinery, &c., and will be executed with punctuality, and on the most reasonable terms.

SAM'L SMITH,
BENJ. MINIS.

may 4, 1832—tf

Compound Chlorine Tooth Wash

THE Compound Chlorine Tooth Wash effectually cleanses the teeth and mouth, speedily removes all canker or soreness; likewise, the smell or taste from the use of tobacco, and all that is offensive in the breath; in fine, it preserves the teeth and mouth, in all respects, in a clean and healthy condition. For sale at

H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co's
Drug Store, Corner of Fifth and Market street.

Wanted,

SEVERAL Sums of Money on Mortgage, on good property in the City of Pittsburgh. Persons wishing to invest, will please apply to

GEORGE A. COOK,
Exchange Broker, Pittsburgh.

March 12, 1833.

TO PRINTERS.

JUST received, one Case of BLANK CARDS—assorted Numbers—for sale cheap by S. J. SYLVESTER, Corner of Wood and Third st's.

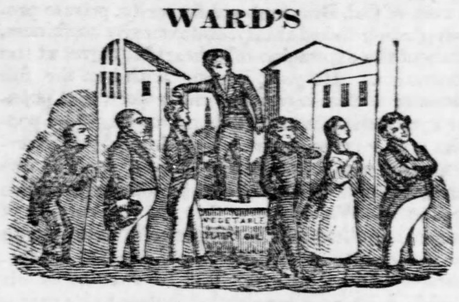
May 3, 1833.

Wall Paper and Velvet Borderings.

RECEIVED, this day, a large assortment—embracing the latest eastern patterns, some of which are very elegant—call and examine them, at S. J. SYLVESTER'S,

Corner of Third and Wood streets, late H. Holdship & Son. April 5.

WARD'S



VEGETABLE HAIR OIL.

IN all ages of the world, a beautiful head of hair has been considered the greatest ornament ever bestowed by nature upon the human frame, and indispensably necessary to the perfection of personal beauty. It is a very general complaint of young persons, that their hair is falling off, becoming dry, or unhealthy; this may be owing to the application of improper and injurious oils, or to the entire neglect of the hair. Without proper attention, diseases of the hair will arise, which are often found to occasion thinness, falling off, and frequently total baldness. For these evils, and the necessary inconveniences attending them, Ward's Vegetable Hair Oil will be found in all cases a sure remedy. Before offering this Oil to the public it had been tried in hundreds of cases of baldness, thinness and falling off of the hair, and in every instance its salutary effects have been realized to admiration. It has never failed to produce a new and beautiful growth of hair on heads already bald, and to check that falling off which so often occurs. In cases where it becomes dry and ceases to grow, this Oil will very soon render it healthy, and produce a rapid and beautiful growth, without the least injury to the most delicate head; nor does any falling off follow after using it. That loss of hair, which so often takes place after sickness, may be easily prevented by using this celebrated Oil. In short no Oil has ever been offered to the public that gives such universal satisfaction, and stands the test of experience like Ward's Vegetable Hair Oil.

That the public may rest assured of the salutary effects of this Oil, the following testimonials, from gentlemen of high respectability, are most respectfully submitted:—

Extract of a letter from John A. Wadsworth, M. D., of the city of Providence, R. I. to W. & L. Krumbhaar & Co., of Philadelphia.

Gentlemen: Dr. Ward's Vegetable Hair Oil has gained great repute with us, having restored Hair on heads that have been bald for years, and I have no doubt it will give satisfaction wherever it may be introduced.

Very respectfully,
JOHN A. WADSWORTH.

Messrs. STANLEY & Co., of Baltimore, in writing to Mr. HUNTON, Druggist, in Washington City, say, 'That Letters to them from Druggists in Boston, describe *Ward's Hair Oil* as being highly approved of there, and selling with astonishing rapidity.

Extract of a letter from Harvey Seymour, Druggist, Hartford, Ct., to the Proprietor, dated Hartford, Sept. 14, 1832.

Dear Sir: I find your Hair Oil a valuable article; I was so unfortunate as to lose the Hair from the top of my head, and, from the use of about half a bottle, I find it starting out anew.

HARVEY SEYMOUR.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27, 1832.

Dr. WARD—*Dear Sir:* Your Hair Oil, you were good enough to put into my hands when I was in Lowell, has produced the most wonderful effects on my Hair that I ever witnessed. You recollect when I called on you, my Hair had fallen very much, and I was quite bald; I have now a beautiful head of Hair, coming on very rapidly. I hardly know how to express my gratitude to you for the benefit the Oil has afforded me. A number of my friends are very anxious to obtain some of the Oil, and I wish you to send me one dozen bottles of the largest size immediately.

Yours, respectfully,
C. WOOD, M. D.

Extract of a letter from Dr. John A. Wadsworth, of Providence, to the Proprietor.

Esteemed Friend: Your Hair Oil is attended with very promising effects. One of our most respectable citizens, who had been bald for ten years, with a skin as smooth and free from hair as the palm of his hand, has been using the Oil, and fine hair is now coming out on every part of the previously bald scalp.

Yours, respectfully,
JOHN A. WADSWORTH.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1, 1832.

I certify that about fifteen years ago, my hair began to fall off, and in a few years became so thin that I found it a source of great inconvenience. On seeing Ward's Vegetable Hair Oil advertised in several New York papers, and highly recommended by two medical gentlemen, with whom I was acquainted, I was induced to make trial of it. When I commenced the use of it, I very much doubted its efficacy in my case, having been bald so many years. But I had not tried it long, before I found it to possess the properties which had been attributed to it. I have now as good and healthy a head of hair as I had twenty five years ago. I can cheerfully recommend it to others who have had the misfortune to lose their hair.

G. W. CUNNINGHAM.

BOSTON, Nov 3, 1832.

Dr. WARD—*Sir:* A friend of mine had a bottle of your Hair Oil put into his hand, and using it a short time, the hair began to grow on his head, which was before bald, and he had tried many other remedies in vain.

Yours, respectfully,
C. E. ALLEN.

☞ For sale by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & Co., corner of Sixth and Wood streets, and H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co., corner of Fifth and Market streets, Pittsburgh.

April 30—tf.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON

HAVE removed their assortment of WALL PAPERS AND BORDERS, to their Paper Hangings Manufactory, on Rosa street, near the Monongahela River, where purchasers will please call. March 22.—tf.

REMOVAL.

H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co.

DRUGGISTS,

HAVE removed to the corner of Fifth and Market streets, where a general assortment of **Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Dyestuffs, &c. &c.** will be constantly kept on hand, and which they offer, wholesale or retail, on the most reasonable terms. April 23—tf

TO RENT,

THE Splendid Store House, at present occupied by *S. J. Sylvester*, corner of Fourth and Wood streets. Possession given on 1st April. For terms, enquire of Dr. E. Hale, Allen Kramer, S. P. Darlington, or WM. ROBINSON.

January 29, 1833.—tf

TO BE LET,

THE *Centre Building* in the range of Four Story Brick Houses recently erected on Market street, between 4th street and the Diamond. Possession will be given on the first day of January. For terms, apply to the subscriber, or in his absence, to Mr. James B. Irwin.

WILLIAM W. IRWIN.

November 22, 1832.—tf

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between ALFRED COCHRAN & JAS. IRWIN, trading under the title of Cochran & Irwin, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by James Irwin.

ALFRED COCHRAN,
JAMES IRWIN.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 1, 1833. [Jan. 18—tf.]

FRESH DRUGS, &C.

WILLIAM MITCHELTREE & SON, *No. 162, Liberty street, opposite Sixth street,* have recently received from Philadelphia and Baltimore, a fresh supply of DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c., which they will sell, wholesale and retail, at reduced prices.

☞They have also for sale, Dye stuffs, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paint Brushes, &c.

July 5, 1833.—sw1m&w6m.

PAPER MANUFACTORY.

THE Subscribers, having associated under the firm of C. LUKENS & Co., beg leave to inform their friends and the public in general, that they have a Soft Spring Paper Mill in successful operation, three miles from the city of Pittsburgh, where, from the excellence of the situation, which is high, with a free circulation of air, and sufficiently removed from the murky atmosphere of the city, and the long experience of two of the undersigned (Lysle & Tilton) in the manufacturing of Paper, they feel confident of offering to the public Paper not inferior to any made in the western country. The subscribers have a Paper Warehouse, at No. 134 Liberty street, near St. Clair street, where will be always kept on hand,

A Large and General Assortment of

PAPERS,

Which will be offered at very reasonable prices.

☞ Orders from the country, or elsewhere, thankfully received, and punctually attended to.

Rags, Scraps, &c. purchased at the highest prices, if delivered at the Warehouse, in Liberty street, or at the Paper Mill, near Lawrenceville.

G. LYSLE,
M. TILTON,
C. LUKENS.

June 25, 1833—tf

WANTED,

20 SHARES of Stock of the old Bank of Pittsburgh, for which $55 per share will be given. Apply to

GEORGE A. COOK,
Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street.

May 24, 1833.

NOTICE TO HATTERS.

THE Subscriber has the pleasure to inform the public that his establishment has been rebuilt, and that he is now prepared to manufacture *HAT BODIES, on an Improved Plan,* Which, he confidently believes, will give satisfaction to all who may try them.

Said Factory is situated on Water street, in the Northern Liberties of Pittsburgh, a few rods above the Canal, and adjoining the Foundry of M'Clurg, Pratt & Co.

The price for forming and hardening is *eleven dollars* per hundred.

Wool will be taken in payment: Bodies, of our native Wool, kept constantly on hand, for sale.

D. P. INGERSOLL.

☞ The other papers of the city, and the Wheeling Gazette, will please insert the above three times. June 11, 1833—tf

CITY BATHS.

J. B. VASHON has the pleasure to inform the Citizens of Pittsburgh, and Visitors here, that his

CITY BATHS,

In Third street, between Market and Ferry streets,

Are now prepared, *in the first rate Style,* for the use of all who may be disposed to enjoy the luxury of bathing.

☞ He takes this opportunity to invite the patronage of the Public, and is determined to merit their favor, by the strictest attention to their comfort and gratification.

May 21—3m

BOARD OF HEALTH.

AGREEABLY to the 4th section of the Ordinance for Sanitary Purposes, the following gentlemen, on its reorganization, will constitute the Board of Health for the month of July, viz:

Samuel Pettigrew, *Mayor.*
E. Pentland, *Recorder.*
J. Young, C. Von Bonnhorst, Robert Christy, } *Aldermen.*
Walter Forward, John B. Butler, } *Select Council.*
S. P. Darlington, C. Darragh, Joseph Coltart, } *Common Council.*

The Board will meet three times in every week, and oftener, should the cholera or any emergency require it. July 12, 1833—1m

DAILY PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, AUGUST 7, 1833.

THE ALLEGHENY DEMOCRAT.—The editor of this paper expresses his determination to enlarge his sheet shortly.

MERCHANTS' AND MANUFACTURERS' BANK.—The directors of this institution have contracted with Mr. Thomas Scott, for the erection of a Banking House, to be completed by the 1st of April.—Mr. Scott has already commenced tearing down the old buildings on the intended site of the Banking House, in Fourth street, between Market & Wood, not far west of the Branch Bank.

CHOLERA.—The Board of Consulting Physicians of this City, in their report, of the 6th inst., state that they had heard of only three deaths by Cholera, during the week preceding that date. They add, that they knew not of a single case then existing in this city.

"We believe that public officers *have been directed, by the powers at Harrisburgh*, wielded, we have no doubt, by Gen. McKean, *to withdraw and withold their advertising from papers that opposed his elevation to the Senate.*

We believe that he has forwarded articles intended to aid his elevation to the Senate, to editors in distant parts of the State, supposed to be under obligations to the administration at Harrisburgh, for publication in their papers.

We believe, however, *that a refusal to publish, and become subservient to his purposes in such cases, will not be actually followed*, (though it may have been threatened,) *by removal from office or loss of patronage*, but that alone from *the fear of discovery* and *development*.

We are therefore compelled to give our full credence to this charge, believing it as firmly as we believe that Gen. McKean negociated with Messrs. Mowry & Co. for the publication in their paper, of the letters of Mr. Ingham, over the signature of a "Looker on," abusing Gen. Jackson and his administration!!"

GEN. SAMUEL M'KEAN.—We find the foregoing serious charges against the Secretary of the Commonwealth, in the Lancaster Journal, an anti M'Kean and Jackson paper. The charges are truly of an imposing character. They do not implicate the integrity of Governor Wolf, to be sure, but represent him as the mere passive instrument in the hands of his Secretary.

The public officers have been directed, by the powers at Harrisburgh, wielded by Samuel McKean, to withdraw their advertising from papers opposed to McKean's election to the Senate.—We ask the Mercury and the Democrat, is this charge true? Do you or either of you know of any such directions being given? If you do, why do you not make it known? Why not proclaim it to the world?

If you know the charge to be true, you shamefully neglect your duty, in not making it known, so that the people may frown down such prostitution of the powers conferred upon the executive officers. If you, or either of you know the charge to be false, you, by your silence, permit gross injustice to be done to Governor Wolf, and Senator McKean, which you might easily prevent, so far at least as you are concerned. We scarcely know which is most contemptible, the insidious and sly hostility of the Mercury, or the treacherous friendship of the Democrat; the latter is, however, no doubt, most injurious to Gen. McKean.

Pennsylvania now exhibits a remarkable state of affairs. Mr. Van Buren is decidedly unpopular among the Yeomanry of this Commonwealth; to them he is only known as an intriguer, as a skilful manager of party matters, and as such he is not palatable to them. Still, however, by having secured leading papers in each county, and a few of the managers, he may manage to convince the people in the other states that he is really a formidable candidate in Pennsylvania. It is a fortunate circumstance for him that Samuel McKean is a "dull genius," and probably a timid politician.

The suggestion, in the last paragraph but one of these charges, is really an admirable one, and altogether worthy the disciples of the Magician. A refusal to publish, and to become subservient to his purposes, would be followed by a dismissal from office, "*if Mr. McKean were not afraid of exposure.*" Truly, this is an admirable mode of giving mercenary editors a hint that they need not be afraid to come out against McKean, because, even if they do, he will be afraid to turn them out of their offices. It was, very probably, this remark which induced the editor of the Mercury to come out with his emphatic "Good," in his last paper. He, no doubt, feels confident that McKean has the disposition to remove his father from the Register's office, but he is encouraged by the assurance that the fear of exposure would operate as a check.

The New York Commercial Advertiser republishes the remarks of the National Gazette, which we published, a short time ago, about the *Terrific Register*, and adds the following paragraph, which we cordially adopt, and heartily approve.

Cheerfully would we concur in any arrangement to purify the press in this respect.—This longing after bloody murders and horrible accidents, is the lowest and grossest of intellectual enjoyments.

"We concur entirely in the justice of the preceding remarks from the National Gazette. They are alike sensible, judicious, and reasonable. Nor do they apply alone to the publication therein specified. Our newspapers have become exceedingly offensive to good taste, and, we also think, to sound morals, by reason of so large a portion of their space being occupied as records of crime. Better by far would it be, if the Police and criminal reports, as a general rule, should be carefully excluded. We can now scarcely open a newspaper, without being pained and shocked by a portion of its contents. It may be said that the public demand these chronicles of vice and infamy. But it is a vitiated taste, and it should be our province rather to improve than minister to it. Can there not be a conventional understanding among the conductors of the press, to improve its character in this respect? Instead of serving up useful intelligence, and reading matter calculated to enlighten the mind, and mend the heart, we have, all of us, fallen too much into the custom of publishing painful, and horrible, and even loathsome details, which, necessarily, have the opposite effect."

It was stated, a short time ago, in the public prints, that Col. DRAYTON had determined to remove permanently from South Carolina, in consequence of the persecuting spirit manifested towards him by the Nullifying party in that State. We find, by the following paragraph, from the Charleston Patriot, of the 27th ult., that this patriotic citizen has put his design into execution, and bidden a final adieu to his native State. South Carolina cannot but sensibly feel the loss of such men, especially when their absence is brought about by the peculiar spirit and principles that govern the dominant party there.—*Balt. Amer., Aug.* 3.

"Col. William Drayton, a Representative in Congress, for some years, from this District, a native son of Carolina, and a resident of our city, for nearly the whole period of his honored life, left our shores, this afternoon, in the line ship Sutton, for the purpose of taking up his residence, permanently, at the north. It is impossible to part with a man of Col. Drayton's public purity, private probity, distinguished ability, and extensive usefulness, without the expression of a heartfelt regret at the separation. He goes, bearing with him the full measure of that reverence and respect, that popular approbation, unsolicited and unbought by popular arts, loves to bestow on the faithful public servant, and without an enemy, except such as the late unnatural estrangements in politics may have produced. We are sure that not one particle of political or other malice mingles with and taunts the generosity of his nature—the native benevolence of his disposition. May the evening of his useful life be as serene and cloudless as its morning was brilliant, and its meridian effuse a steady lustre."

Captain Stetson, of the brig Cherokee, arrived at New York, from Pernambuco, states that he was informed by Mr. Crabtree, a merchant at Pernambuco, that he had received a letter from the English merchants at a small place about sixty miles from Pernambuco, stating that the Brazilians had risen on the British merchants, and massacred about 50 persons. It was said the difficulty arose from a difference in the currency of money. A U. S. schooner was at Pernambuco when Captain Stetson heard the news, which got under way immediately, to protect the merchants and property at that place.—*Nat. Gaz.*

Suicide.—One of those extraordinary and unexpected events, which recently have become of almost daily occurrence in our country, occurred in this city, on Sunday evening last. JAMES COWAN, Esq. the Commonwealth's Attorney for this Judicial District, put an end to his existence, by shooting himself through the head with a large dueling pistol. * * * * *

Mr. Cowan was but lately married to an amiable and interestiug young lady of Frankfort, for whom he appeared, and no doubt did, entertain a most ardent affection. He was a profound lawyer, and as a man, few were more universally esteemed and respected. His death has created a melancholy among his friends that will not soon be eradicated.—*Lexington Rep., July* 31.

Hartford Convention.—The history of this body, whose session, during the late war, has ever since been a standing theme of reproach, is announced by the editor of the Daily Advertiser of this city, to be forth coming immediately from the press. As it is penned by the Secretary of that Convention, who is, of course, in possession of all the facts concerning it, the vilifiers of that body will probably be driven to take issue upon its authenticity, should it be found, as we entertain no doubt it will be, a complete justification of its proceedings. Unless we greatly mistake, it will disclose a tone of discussion and course of proceeding, even under great excitement and distress, that falls infinitely short of the inflammatory doctrines and action of nullification.—*N. Y. Spectator.*

CONTINUATION OF FOREIGN NEWS BY THE SHIP ROSCOE.

GREAT BRITAIN.

On the subject of the London and Birmingham Railway, a very elaborate estimate has been laid before Parliament, by Mr. Lecount, of the road and canal traffic, for one year, between London and Birmingham, &c. The following are the general results: Passengers, 233,155; goods, 62,389 tons; parcels, 56,799; beasts, 50,839; sheep, 365,000; pigs, 15,634. The expense, by the existing means of transit, is about £1, 338,247; while, by the railway, it will not exceed £800,758; thus exhibiting an annual saving to the country of £537,489, independently of the advantages to be expected from the unrivaled celerity of this mode of conveyance.

It is stated that the Prince of Orange is soon expected in the British Capital, and that preparations are making for his reception. Various surmises are current in the court circles respecting the object of the Prince's visit. In some quarters, it is confidently stated to have reference to a matrimonial connection between the two royal juveniles of the houses of Brunswick and Nassau.—Other accounts state that the Prince's visit is merely to place two of his sons in one of the English Universities.

On the anniversary of the battle of Waterloo, the king dined with the Duke of Wellington. The Whig presses were exceedingly displeased that His Majesty should have thus honored the great leader of the Tory opposition, even though he were the conqueror of the conqueror of Europe.—The Morning Post thus rebukes the Times, and the other Journals which had joined in censuring this act of royal courtesy:—

"But it appears that this visit is offensive to the Whigs. They would have prevented the Sovereign from testifying his personal respect to the greatest man of his age, and from joining in the commemoration of a triumph to which the British nation is indebted for its independence. They are so loyal that they would deprive their Sovereign of the freedom to express those sentiments of gratitude and admiration which he shares in common with all the British people who are not Whigs. They are so magnanimous that they would blast the laurels on the honored brow of Wellington, merely because they feel that they are such as no Whig ever has or ever will wear. They are so patriotic that they hate the name of Waterloo, because in that great field, to suit their factious purposes, and to verify their factious predictions, the British army ought to have been defected. The day of universal rejoicing to the King of England and his royal subjects is a day of mourning to the W higs And yet they claim to be persons fit to be entrusted with the future destinies of the country."

The following circumstance is related as having occurred at the Duke's Dinner, above referred to:—

"On the cloth being removed, preparitory to the health of his Grace being drunk, his Majesty, addressing the Duke, said "Wellington have you no other person in the house that fought at Waterloo?" The Duke answered in the negative, upon which the King replied, "Oh, yes, there are, for I saw two police men in the hall wearing the Waterloo medals, let them be called in and join in drinking your health." The commands of the King were instantly obeyed, and Mr. Superintendant May, of the A division of police, and Mr. Inspector Adamson, of the same division, were introduced and had the honor of drinking the Duke of Wellington's health in the presence of his Majesty."

A Miser.—Died, at Anstruther, on the 29th May, Alex. Sim, who had for upwards of 30 years carried on the business of a saddler, in a mean shop, and lived in one room. When not in his shop he was quite a recluse, and his meagre appearance and thread bare garments evinced no little mortification of the flesh; he was constantly complaining of poverty and the badness of the times.—Nothing being known of his relations, after his funeral his shop and room were searched by the Town Clerk, and in a chest, the key of which was hid in an old shoe, receipts were found for £2,000, deposited in different banks, and £174 in bank notes were in his pockets. No will was found, but a letter from a sister in law, in one of his pockets, begged the loan of a few pounds. An old woman, his occasional house keeper, says she was present when he received the letter, and he threw it from him in great wrath, declaring she should not have a farthing, as if he complied with such he would soon be a ruined man. It is supposed the children of the applicant are his heirs.—*Dumfries Courier.*

The Paris Journal des Debats gives the annexed statement of the French naval force:—On the 31st December, 1833, the number of vessels afloat will be 33 ships of the line, 38 frigates, 19 corvettes, 10 cutters, 32 brigs of war, 21 advice brigs, 13 schooners, 36 vessels for flotillas, 21 steam ships, and others, making, in all, 298. At the same time, there will be on the stocks, 24 ships of the line, 26 frigates, and others, making, in all, 66 —grand total, 364.

Process of making a pair of Scissors.—Simple as a pair of Scissors appears to be yet it is no less true, that the cost of the workmanship, is greater in proportion to the first cost of the raw material, than it is in almost any other instance of a hardware article. The diversity of shape is not greater than the variety of price; for whilst a single pair is sometimes set down at ten guineas in an invoice, whole thousands of scissors of another description are sent yearly to South America and the East Indies, which fetch no more than somewhat about three pence a dozen. A half crown pair is made in the following way:—The blade is forged on an anvil from a bar of steel, and is cut off with a chissel, with the quantity necessary for the shank and bow.

The rough blade is called the mould, and a small hole is punched through it, which is nothing more than the rudimentary state of the bow, which is afterwards completely developed by hammering.—The next process is putting the article into the fire to soften it, after which it is submitted to the filer, who gives it the necessary symmetry, and whose especial duty it is to bore the hole for the connecting screw, by which the two blades are held in proper position. In this state it is taken under the protection of the grinder, who gives to the blade that peculiar flexed surface which is so essential to the constitution of a pair of scissors.

The blades are then placed in the hands of the women, who make the bows and the ornaments, and then are returned to the workshop, when the nuptials between the two are celebrated, and are made as it were one, or, as the cant phrase is, are made *walk* and *talk* well together. This, however, is only a small part of the process, for in the state just described, they are completely enveloped in one iron wire, when the screw is taken out, and the blades and shanks are hardened by the usual process. The wire being stripped off, the blades are again sent to the grinder, and at last obtain in his hands, the completion of their development. They are finally returned to the workmen who inserts the screw, and makes the scissors completely fit for use.—*English Paper.*

A friend of ours, whose premises had suffered by some nightly depredators, posted up the following curious notice:—"Those persons who have been in the habit of stealing my fence, for a considerable time past, are respectfully informed, if equally agreeable to them, it will be more convenient to me if they steal my wood, and leave the fence for the present;—as it may be some little inconvenience getting over the pailings, the gate is left open for their accommodation."—*Boston Post.*

We have advices from Bermuda, which mention that the imports to that island, during the year 1832, amounted to £97,354 sterling, which £45,219 were from the United States. The exports only amounted to £25,287, of which £2,882 were sent to the United States. The Ocean had arrived from Wales, with a cargo of coals intended for the steam ship Radamanthus, expected from England. Another depot of coal was established at Madeira, as a supply on her way to Bermuda.

The Hydrants.—An interesting experiment was made yesterday at the corner of Exchange and William streets, to test the power of the Hydrant in elevating water by its own pressure, unassisted by engines. The result was altogether satisfactory, for although it was made at the distance of three miles from the reservoir, a powerful stream was thrown sixty feet, ascertained by actual measurement. It was made to ascend above the roof of high four story houses, and has thus proved the immense utility of the plan. Upwards of seven miles of pipes are already laid, and contracts are made for the construction of three miles more, viz.—through Pearl st. from Chatham st. to Hanover square, from East Broadway through Essex to Stanton street; from Canal street up Hudson to Carmine st.; from Broadway through Fourth st. to Greenwich village. When this shall be complete, it is said that every part of the city can be reached by the hose of some one of the hydrants. The expense already incurred is but about $150,000, and the property saved in consequence of the construction of the Reservoir, not less than half a million of dollars.—*N. Y. Spectator.*

Sailors.—No race of beings so decidedly differs from every other in the world as sailors—no matter whether they belong to a king's ship, to a smuggler, or a merchantman. Though there may be shades among them, yet from the grand distinction between men of the sea and men of the land, it is impossible to confound them together. A seaman is ever so easily amused, so reckless of consequences, so cheerful amid difficulties, so patient under privations. His blue jacket is a symbol of enterprise and good humor. Even his nondescript hat—black, small, and shining as a japaned button, adhering to his head by a kind of supernatural agency, with which landsmen are unacquainted—can never be seen by a true born Englishman without feelings of gratitude and affection, which, at all events, no other hat in the world can command.—*Mrs. Hall's Bucc.*

The Russians.—The London correspondent of the Journal of Commerce says—"Large bodies of Russian troops are continually entering Warsaw, and it is said that this devoted city is surrounded and filled with 100,000 soldiers. *Surely the accumulation of such an immense army cannot be merely for the purpose of checking the poor Poles. There must be some ulterior object in view.*"

The same writer observes that the Emperor appears to have fixed himself permanently at Constantinople, and that already he has sufficient influence over the Sultan, to prevent British or French vessels having the passage of the Dardanelles.

Afflicting Circumstance.—A beautiful and interesting boy, only child of Mr. William Mills, merchant, of this village, came to his death in a peculiarly distressing manner, on Sunday last, from having eaten of a poisonous weed, technically termed *Stamonium*, but commonly known by the name of *James town weed*, which infests the farms and gardens of our country generally.—*Williamsport Pat. Aug.* 5.

WASHINGTON'S ACCOUNTS.—A lithographic fac simile of Gen Washington's, accounts, as presented to Congress at the close of the revolutionary war has recently been printed. It is a book of sixty eight foolscap pages, drawn out with great neatness and clerical accuracy by Washington's own hand. It will be recollected by all, that he declined any other compensation for his services than the mere reimbursement of his current expenditures.—The whole amount expended is surprisingly small. The recapitulation at the close for the whole term from 1775 to 1783 is as follows:

To household expenses, exclusive of the provisions had from the commissaries and contractors, and liquors, &c. from them and others, viz:

		£	s.	d.
Mr. Austin's account,	No. 1	496	19	4
Mrs. Smith's do.	No. 2	422	14	
Major Gibbs' do.	No. 3	483	06	
Capt. Colfax's do.	No. 4	1984	15	
Total household expenses for 8 years		3387	14	4

There are, besides, still larger sums accounted for which were expended for secret services and other purposes. Accompanying the account is a table of the rates of depreciation fixed by Congress upon Continental money, and the various sums received from Congress are reduced to their actual value by that scale. The depreciation commenced October, 1777, and increased until in 1781 it had almost ceased to possess any value at all. In a note Washington says of the money he had carried to the credit of the U. States—"104,364 of the above dollars were received after March, 1780,—and although credited at 40 for 1, many of them did not fetch 1 for 100—while 27,775 of them are returned without deducting any thing from the above account." The book is a specimen of business accuracy which few great men could equal. It is highly honorable to its author and withal quite a curiosity.—*N. Y. Jour. of Com.*

Parties in Georgia are curiously divided at the present election. The present governor, *Wilson Lumpkin*, is what is termed a "Clark" man,—and has been nominated for re-election, under the additional designation of the "union" candidate,—as opposed to nullification, and the Calhoun party.—In former times, the Clark party was the Calhoun party, opposed to the Troup or Crawford party.

Opposed to Mr. Lumpkin, the Troup party proper have nominated Major *Joel Crawford*, for Governor. He was always a Troup or Crawford man, and, as such, in the old contests of Troup with Clark, Crawford with Calhoun, opposed to the latter. The Nullifiers proper, therefore, the friends of Mr. Calhoun, in Georgia, have no candidate between these 'regulars'—neither as "union" men nor as 'Troup' men coming up to the nullification chalk.

There is, therefore, as we perceive, in the Augusta papers, to be a third candidate. There is to be a gathering of the Nullifiers at the old place, *Athens*, on Monday or Tuesday next, to confer on the subject of making a nomination for Governor. The Augusta Chronicle says, that the nullifiers 'have nothing to hope or expect from Mr. Crawford,' and that 'if he is elected, the days of them an d their principles are numbered, in that State, for ever.'

Both candidates, therefore, before the people, are unfavorable to nullification.—*Balt. Amer., Saturday, Aug.* 3.

Col. Benton.—Great complaints have been made for some time past, against the Collector of N. Orleans, which complaints have reached the Presidential ear, and met with attention. The result, it is said, will be, that Col. Benton will be nominated to that place, notwithstanding his speech made on his late visit to that city, in which he said he was traveling without political objects.

It is hinted that the Colonel's finances would be greatly improved by the appointment.—*Cincinnati Advertiser.*

Infidelity—Homicide.—A man, named Burns, a laborer on the Jersey canal, having for some time suspected his wife of infidelity, lately took measures by a feigned absence from home, to dissipate or confirm his suspicions. Returning, unexpectedly, in the night, his worst fears were confirmed to demonstration, by finding his wife and her paramor in bed together. The enraged husband immediately seizing a club, beat the latter so severely, as to cause his death, while yet lying on the bed; and this done, the faithless wife was then subjected to this summary punishment, and was also beaten so severely as to occasion her death in a few hours.—Burns afterwards gave himself up, and was committed to prison at Flemington, N. J. to await his trial for the act.

The French Government has just sent M. Tixier into the East to make researches into the architecture of those countries, and the several libraries at Constantinople. He purposes to analyze the materials with which these ancient monuments were formed, and investigate the means employed by the different nations in constructing them.

Florida.—Doubt can no longer exist that the productions of the West Indies may be profitably cultivated on the Peninsula of Florida. The sloop Capital arrived on Thursday from near Cape Florida, with a quantity of Bananas, Plantains, and Limes, as a part of her cargo, being the first shipment for commercial purposes of Fruit produced at that place. A bunch of the Bananas, and a bunch of the Plaintains, may be seen at this office: also a few of the Limes. They are all remarkably fine.—*Charleston Mercury.*

In republishing the letter of Mr. WEBSTER, giving his opinion as to the powers of Congress on the subject of slavery, &c., the Globe says: "It appears from this, that those on whom Mr. CLAY *calculated* as allies, in the North, to *aid him* in exciting alarm in the South, will not lend themselves to this new scheme of agitation."

A more base and wicked attempt to mislead the public mind, than is contained in the above paragraph, we have seldom or never witnessed. The Globe, in this instance, has even exceeded itself in recklessness and profligacy. Who, before, ever heard, or even thought, of Mr. Clay wishing, or attempting, to excite an alarm in the South, on the subject of slavery, or upon a supposed intention of the people of the North, or any respectable portion of them, to interfere with the question of slavery! Mr. Clay has never said or done any thing that can, under any possible case, be tortured by the bitterest party malevolence, into a desire to excite jealousy between the slaveholding and non-slaveholding States, on the subject of slavery. His whole life gives the lie direct to such an insinuation. That Mr. Clay is a zealous friend and an able supporter of the scheme of colonizing the free blacks with their own consent, or when manumitted by their owners for that purpose, no one doubts or denies; but that he has ever countenanced, in the slightest degree, the attempt of a few fanatics at the North, to disturb the quiet of the country, by agitating the question of universal emancipation; or that he has ever attempted to create alarm in the South, by attempting to make them believe that the Northern States were devising a plan to wrest their slaves from them, or intended, in any way, to interfere with their right in them, is as destitute of any foundation as the columns of the Globe, and many of its kindred prints, are, generally, of truth or decency.

If Mr. Clay had ever desired to see this country involved in a civil war, on account of slavery, it would only have been necessary for him to have stepped aside during the pendency of the Missouri Question, and his desire would have been gratified.—*Kentucky Observer and Reporter.*

The World in Miniature.—If we suppose the earth to be represented by a globe a foot in diameter, the distance of the sun from the earth will be about two miles, the diameter of the sun, on the same supposition, will be something above one hundred feet, and consequently his bulk such as might be made up of two hemispheres, each about the size of the dome of St. Paul's. The moon will be thirty feet from us, and her diameter three inches, about that of a cricket ball. Thus the sun would much more than occupy all the space within the moon's orbit. On the same scale, Jupiter would be above ten miles from the sun, and Uranus forty. We see then how thinly scattered thro' space are the heavenly bodies. The fixed stars would be at an unknown distance, but, probably, if all distances were thus diminished, no star would be nearer to such a one foot earth, than the moon now is to us. On such a terrestrial globe the highest mountains would be about 1-80th of an inch high, and consequently only just distinguishable. We may imagine, therefore, how imperceptible would be the largest animals. The whole organised covering of such a globe would be quite undiscoverable by the eye, except perhaps by color, like the bloom on a plum. In order to restore this earth and its inhabitants to their true dimensions, we must magnify them forty millions of times; and to preserve the proportions we must increase equally the distance of the sun and the stars from us. They seem thus to pass off into infinity; yet each of them thus removed has its system of mechanical and perhaps of organic processes going on upon its surface. But the arrangements of organic life which we can see with the naked eye are few, compared with those which the microscope detects. We know that we may magnify objects thousands of times, and still discover fresh complexities of structure; if we suppose, therefore, that we increase every particle of matter in our universe in such a proportion, in length, breadth, and thickness, we may conceive that we tend thus to bring before our apprehension a true estimate of the quantity of organized adaptions which are ready to testify the extent of the Creator's power.—*Bridgewater Treatise, by the Rev. W. Whewell.*

THE LEANING TOWER OF PISA.

From Sketches of France, Italy, and Switzerland, by an American Painter.—On Monday morning we went out to see the principal curiosities of Pisa, which are clustered in one spot, and first we visited the much celebrated *leaning tower.* This tower is the *Campanille* or belfry of the Cathedral, and, as is customary in Italy, is a separate structure from the church. It is a circular tower, about 190 feet in height, consisting of seven colonaded stories, and inclines from the perpendicular 16 feet. We ascended to the top of a winding staircase. The inclination is felt at every step, and, on reaching the top, and looking down, the sensation is truly terrific. It is difficult for any one to persuade himself that the tower is not actually falling; and, so strongly does this sensation pervade the mind, that, at intervals, it seems to move. Reasoning myself momentarily into security, from considering the fact, that it had thus stood for ages, I could not but also recur to the fact, that once it stood upright, and that although ages had been passed in assuming its present inclination, the time would probably come when it would fall, and then the idea would suggest itself, with appalling force, that that time would be *now.* Nor did the reflection, suggested by one of the company, that, were it our lots to perish, we should be sure of an imperishable name, have any power to dispel the shuddering produced by the thoughts of its possibility. The view from the top is very extensive. Across the plain to the south west, were the towers and shipping of Leghorn; to the north the barren snowy peaks of the Appenines; and to the east and west, beneath us, the city of Pisa, with the Arno bending through it, and winding its way from the interior to the sea.

There has been much speculation on the construction of this celebrated tower, some affirming that it was originally designed to be a *leaning* tower, and others, that it was built perpendicularly, but has declined from defect in its foundations.—The latter opinion is undoubtedly correct, for, on the walls of the Campo Santo, in a representation of Pisa, painted soon after the construction of the tower, the latter is represented perpendicular.—This fact alone would be conclusive; but there are others which, in connection with it, put the matter beyond doubt; the holes for the scaffolding, left in the walls, are at right angles to the sides of the tower. There are also other leaning towers and walls in Pisa, and even parts of the Baptistry and Cathedral incline at a considerable angle.—The low wet soil of Pisa is undoubtedly unfavorable to the construction of such heavy buildings without recourse to the Venetian mode of building on piles.

LIST OF ARRIVALS

At the following Hotels, in this city, during the 24 hours ending at 10 o'clock, this morning.

PITTSBURGH HOTEL.—C. M'KIBBIN.

August 6.—Chas Humrickhouse, ——; Lewis Day, Cincinnati; Dr. W. Y. Banks, Frankfort, Pa.; James Cameron, do.; Mr. Hamilton & Lady, N. Lisbon, O.; Miss Gaskill, do.; J. O. Wilson, Matanzas, Cuba; D. S. Stone, Fallston, Pa.; G. S. Moore, Wooster, O.; R. W. Shawhan, do.; Chauncey Rice & Lady, Laughlinstown; H. Cooper, Portsmouth, O.; J. Halderman, Maysville, Ky.; Samuel Walker, Elizabethtown; Mrs. Bonafon, & family,——; Chas. Streets, Brownsville, Pa.; W. W. George, Versailles, Ky.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.—B. MAGUIRE.

Aug. 6.—R. R. Burns, Philad.; Jas. W. V. Brown, Pittsburgh; Silas Moore, Esq., Ebensburgh; Wm. Brown, Pittsburgh; John Haggerty, do.

MANSION HOUSE.—B. WEAVER.

Aug. 6.—F. Faber, Philad.; Geo. Rahanser, Chambersburgh; John Weirick, Armagh, Pa.; Samuel A. Purviance, Butler; R. Brower, Maryland; J. Hodgson, England; Joseph Anderson, Franklin, Pa.; P. Eicher, Akron, Ohio.

MARRIED,

On the evening of Tuesday, the 6th inst., by the Rev. Francis Herron, Mr. MELANCTHON W. HUBBELL, of this city, to Miss LUCY SAWTELL, of the Northern Liberties.

On the first instant, by the Rev. Dr. Herron, Mr. MERRICK MUNSON, of Harrisburgh, to Miss JANE C. LIGGETT, of this city.

DIED,

In Greensburgh, on Saturday evening, the 27th

ult., of an affection of the lungs, GEORGE RIPPEY, Junior editor of the Pennsylvania Argus.

At his residence, in Westmoreland county, on the morning of the 1st inst., Mr. JOHN CONWAY, [father of the late senior editor of this paper,] in the 78th year of his age.

Deceased was a native of Ireland—emigated to this country shortly after the close of the Revolutionary war, and settled in Newcastle county, Delaware, where he resided for nearly thirty years;—from thence he removed to Westmoreland co., in this state, where the last fifteen years of his life have been spent in the peaceful pursuits of agriculture.—*Manufacturer.*

BOARD OF HEALTH.

PITTSBURGH, July 24, 1833.

THE following resolution, adopted by the Board this morning, was ordered to be published in the newspapers of the city.

SAMUEL PETTIGREW, P. B. H.

'*Resolved*, That, as many citizens are deprived of a supply of water, on account of the general running of private hydrants, and as Hose have been introduced for the purpose of cleansing, and persons being regularly employed in using them for that purpose----that, therefore, the citizens be respectfully requested not to run their private hydrants longer than fifteen minutes, each morning, and that the permission heretofore granted by this Board, to run private hydrants for one hour each day, is hereby rescinded.

August 7----3t

A PERSON well qualified, by education and experience, and living in a pleasant and healthy village, within one day's ride of Pittsburgh, will take a class of boys to be instructed in the Latin and Greek Languages, and the higher branches of English Grammar, Geography, Astronomy, Natural and Moral Philosophy, &c. The pupils will be boarded in the family of the instructor, and their habits and morals be special objects of his daily care.

The terms, including tuition, boarding, washing, fuel, light, and stationery, will not exceed *one hundred and thirty dollars* per annum, payable at the end of each quarter. As not more than 12 or 15 boys will be received, those wishing to be accommodated are requested to apply immediately.

References—F. HERRON, D. D.,
L. HALSEY, D. D.,
Rev. E. P. SWIFT,
Rev. T. D. BAIRD,
Rev. A. D. CAMPBELL,
JAMES R. SPEER, M. D.

August 7---w3t

PITTSBURGH
Literary Reading Room.

THE Pittsburgh Literary Reading Room contains the following Foreign and American Periodicals.

AMERICAN JOURNALS AND REVIEWS.

1. The American Quarterly Review:
2. The North American Review;
3. The American Turf Register and Sporting Magazine;
4. Silliman's American Journal of Science and Arts;
5. The American Journal of the Medical Sciences;
6. Hall's Monthly Magazine:
7. The Journal of the Franklin Institute;
8. The Museum of Foreign Literature:
9. Doughty's Cabinet of Natural History;
10. The American Jurist and Law Magazine;
11. Waldie's Circulating Library;
12. Periodical Library.

FOREIGN REVIEWS.

13. Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine;
14. The Edinburgh Review;
15. The Westminster Review;
16. The London Quarterly Review;
17. The Foreign Quarterly Review;
18. The Monthly Review;
19. Bulwer's New Monthly Magazine;
20. The London Literary Gazette;
21. The Edinburgh New Philosophical Journal;
22. Fraser's Magazine;
23. The New Metropolitan Magazine;
24. The Sporting Magazine;
25. The United Service Journal;
26. The Athenæum;
27. The Asiatic Journal.

☞ The above Reading Room was opened August 1st. Those wishing to subscribe, will please call at JOHN I. KAY & Co's *Book Store, No. 44 Market street.*

August 7—d1w2awtf.

130 HHDS. LEAF TOBACCO—for sale by

JAMES IRWIN,
Corner of Market and Water streets.

August 6, 1833.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE Bridgewater Treatises on the Power, Wisdom, and Goodness of God, as manifested in the Creation. Treatise 2---On the adaption of External Nature to the Physical condition of Man, principally with reference to the supply of his wants, and the exercise of his intellectual faculties. By John Kidd, M. D. F. R. S., Regries Professor of Medicine in the University of Oxford.

Theological Library, Nos. 3 and 4.—Luther, and the Lutheran Reformation: By John Scott, M. D., Vicar of North Ferriby, and Minister of St. Mary's, Hull, etc.: in 2 volumes.

Tales and Novels by Maria Edgeworth—vol. 5, containing Tales of Fashionable Life, and the Modern Griselda.

Boys' and Girls' Library of Useful and Entertaining Knowledge: vol. 12.—The Young Crusoe, or the Shipwrecked Boy: By Mrs. Hofland, Author of 'the Son of a Genius,' 'Stolen Boy,' &c. &c.

Library of Medical Sciences.---The Cyclopædia of Practical Medicine and Surgery: a Digest of Medical Literature: edited by Isaac Hays, M. D., Part 1.

This day received and for sale by

JOHN I. KAY & Co.,
No. 44, Market street, opposite the Bank of Pittsburgh. August 6.—tf

PAPER.

THE Subscriber has received, from the Franklin Paper Mill—

120 Reams Imperial Printing, No. 3;
100 do. Medium do. 3; fine.
70 do. Super Royal do. 4 & 5.

Medium and Crown, Tea and Wrapping, Foolscap, Quarto Post, & Post Office Paper.

Also, Fullers' Boards, and Bonnet Boards.

Orders will be thankfully received by

GEO. COCHRAN, of R'd.

August 5, 1833—tf

NEW PUBLICATIONS!

OBSERVATIONS on Professions, Literature, Manners, and Emigration in the United States and Canada: made during a residence there in 1832. By Rev. Isaac Fidler: in 1 vol.

"Miserrimus"—On a grave stone in Worcester Cathedral, is this emphatic inscription, Miserrimus, with neither name nor date, comment, nor text: in 1 vol.

This day received and for sale by

JOHN I. KAY & CO.,
No. 44, Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh.

N. B.—All the new Publications received as soon as published.

August 5, 1833.—4t.

Western Collegiate Institute,
FOR YOUNG LADIES,

NEAR PITTSBURGH,

UNDER the superintendence of WILLIAM B. LACEY, D. D., with arrangements of *increased efficiency*, will commence it Autumnal Session, on the First Monday in September next.

In the *Senior* department, Dr. Lacey, with competent Assistants, will hear recitations in Mathematics, Natural Philosophy, Astronomy, Chemistry, Mental and Moral Philosophy, Logic, Elements of Criticism, in reference to Language and the Fine Arts, Elocution, Natural Theology, Evidences of Christianity, and Sacred History.

In the *Junior* Department, Mr. Bryan B. Killikelly, late Vice Principal of a Collegiate School, in the city of New York, will give instructions in Orthography, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar, Geography, Botany, Geology, Ancient and Modern History, Rhetoric, and the Latin and Greek languages.

In the *Ornamental* department, Mrs. Lacey, assisted by accomplished instructors, will give lessons in the French, and Italian languages, Vocal and Instrumental Music, Drawing, and Painting, in the style of several of the European, and Oriental Schools, Calisthenics, and the forms and elegancies of polished life.

The price for Board, General Superintendance, Fuel, Candlelight, Pew Rent, access to an extensive Library, instructions in Calesthenics, Orthography, Reading, Writing, Rudiments of Geography, and Arithmetic, and all the varieties of Needle Work, will be $30 per term. To this charge will be added, for instruction in *any* or in *all* of the higher branches taught in the *Junior* department, (except the Latin and Greek languages) $6; or instead thereof, in *any* or in *all* the branches of the *Senior* department, $8: French and Italian, each $8; Music, including the use of the instruments for practice, $13; Drawing, and Painting, $6; Bronzing and Painting, in the Oriental styles, $20. Or, if Parents prefer a more definite arrangement, Dr. Lacey will *Board*, and *Instruct*, in *any*, or in *all* the branches taught in the Institute, for $200, per annum, per scholar, *they paying the amount in advance.*

The Principal intends to establish, in the vicinity, and under his own general Superintendance, a school for small *boys*, where, with his own sons, they will be fitted for entrance into any college in the United States. The charge for *board* and *tuition*, in *any* or in *all* the branches of a *finished English education* will be $120 per annum, and for other branches proportionally moderate.

No scholar will be received for a less time than one term; *and all bills must be paid one quarter in advance.*

Each pupil is required to bring a Bible, Bed, and Bedding, Towels; Table spoon, Tea spoon, Knife and Fork.

Pupils will be permitted to attend any place of public worship their Parents may designate.

The Institute having been in operation four terms, and sustained two public examinations, Dr. Lacey submits, with particular satisfaction, the following spontaneous testimonial of its character, and results from *Parents and friends of pupils in the Institute.*

Pittsburgh, August 3, 1833.

TO THE REV. W. B. LACEY, D. D.—

Dear Sir—We have been so amply gratified by the late examination of your Female Collegiate Institute, that we feel it equally a pleasure and a duty to express our satisfaction, and to wish you such success in your enterprise as may remunerate you for your large expenditure, and, in some measure, compensate you for the unwearied application of your talents and learning to the cause of Education.

The examination was conducted with such minute and critical severity as served to test, to the utmost, the understanding of the pupils, and the extent of their acquisitions in their varied and interesting studies.

When it is taken into consideration that the number of pupils did not exceed fifty, and that three days were spent, almost without relaxation, in ascertaining their mental and moral improvement, the results must be considered as peculiarly gratifying to their parents and friends, and as reflecting the highest credit upon the Principal of the Institute and those to whom their instruction has been committed.

The examination embraced, in its range, the elementary, as well as the higher branches of elocution, Grammar, Geography, Arithmetic, Rhetoric, the elements of Moral Philosophy, Chemistry, Botany, Astronomy, Algebra, French, Music, and Calesthenic exercises.

In the whole course, whether in those matters that belong to the useful and essential branches, or those that may be termed the accomplishments and refinements of Education, care, attention, and talent, on the part of the instructors, and devotion and industry on the part of the pupils, were obvious. Peculiar interest was excited by the classes that had devoted their attention to Elocution and Rhetoric, by the highest class in French, whose translations from D'Aggouessau, Racine, & L'Heniade, were subjects of just commendation; and by the young Ladies who had devoted their attention to Moral Philosophy, whose application of its principles to the Science of Government, and thorough knowledge of the Constitution of the United States, created feelings of mingled surprize and admiration in the bosoms of us all.

The class in Algebra, under the particular charge of Professor Aikin, evinced a knowledge of that most difficult branch of Mathematics, and also of Chemistry and Botany, entitling him and them to high approbation.

The Musical exhibition was extremely satisfactory, as evincing the capability of Mr Rupp, the Musical Professor, in that delightful accomplishment, and the rapid improvement of his pupils.

Without entering further into detail, sir, we express our entire satisfaction with the result of your system, and cannot forbear expressing a wish that the citizens of our wealthy, manufacturing metropolis, and our fellow citizens throughout the western states, who wish to afford to their daughters the benefits of a refined, accomplished, and useful education, at about one third of the expense that such an education would cost them in eastern cities, will confer their patronage upon your Institution. In addition to *all* the advantages as regards the improvement of mind and manners which an eastern Institution can afford, the location of your Institution, surrounded by scenes of picturesque beauty, with its groves, orchards, and gardens, its springs of pure water, and in the midst of a country which may be emphatically denominated the residence of health, would, of itself, operate as a strong inducement to parents who are disposed to send their children abroad for education to intrust them to your care.

Signed by

Hon. CHARLES SHALER,
Rev. GEORGE UPFOLD, D. D.
A. HAYS, M. D.
Hon. SAMUEL PETTIGREW,
JOHN D. MAHON, Esq.
GEORGE BAYARD, Esq.
SAM'L. FAHNESTOCK, Mer.
A. N. McDOWELL, M. D.
JOHN D. DAVIS, Esq.
Mr. CHAS. D. GILLESPIE, and
Major W. WADE.

I have been acquainted with the Institute from its commencement. Its pupils have been unusually healthy; indeed, the situation is one of the most salubrious which I know. At the time of the late examination, in a family of upwards of seventy persons, including the pupils, there was not one who was the subject of medical treatment.

A. HAYS, M. D.

Aug. 3, 1833.—tf.

PROSPECT HILL
Literary & Scientific Institution.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

ON the 1st of July, Mr. DANIEL STONE intends opening, near the City of Pittsburgh, an Institution for the instruction of boys. Its plan is to combine, as far as possible, the peculiar advantages of a domestic and public education.—The pupils, with the principal and assistants, will constitute one family, and be at all times under careful supervision. The *Discipline* will be mild, but strict, such as a father, solicitous for the welfare of his children, would exercise over them. It is believed that an appeal to reason, and the sense of honor and duty, will generally secure obedience. Coercive measures will, therefore, be adopted only in extreme cases.

The *Course of Study* will embrace the English, Latin, Greek, and French Languages; Arithmetic, Algebra, and Geometry; Geography and History—Ancient and Modern; Rhetoric, Composition, and Elocution; Natural Philosophy and Chemistry; Penmanship, Orthography, and Reading. Frequent examinations will be held, open to the friends and relations of the youths.

The *Mode of Instruction* will be thorough and critical, and no subject will be relinquished until fully understood. That the scholar's mind may become vigorous, active, and self-confident—prepared for the stern conflicts of life, and a fearless discharge of its duties, he will be encouraged to reason and decide for himself.

Each student will be required to attend such church as his parent or guardian shall designate.

To preserve health and elasticity of spirits, to check indolence, and promote industry among the students, they will be daily exercised in athletic sports.

Pupils will be admitted between the ages of *Six* and *Sixteen*. None can be received for less than one term.

The uniform *Dress* will consist of a cap, blue roundabout, with metal buttons, and blue pantaloons. Every article of clothing should be marked with the owner's name in full.

The *Terms* are two hundred dollars a year, payable quarterly in advance. This includes Tuition, Board, Lodging, Washing, Mending, Light, and Fuel.

The *Vacations*, after the present year, will be three—the 1st, of two weeks, from the 3d Wednesday in April; the 2d, of four weeks, from the 2d Wednesday in August; and one week at Christmas.

The *Matron's* department will be under the care of Mrs. Reynolds, of this city.

References—STEPHEN COLWELL, Esq.
Rev. Dr. UPFOLD,
Hon. JUDGE SHALER,
Professor HALSEY,
Rev. Dr. LACEY,
Hon. HARMAR DENNY.

Pittsburgh, June 28—tf

THE FLOAT.

NOTICE is hereby given by the street commissioners, that the Float for Filth, authorized to be constructed by an act of councils passed the 27th day of May, 1833, is now completed and ready for use, and that Mr. Thomas Cunningham has been appointed to attend it. The Float is placed at the Point, on the Monongahela, and it is "the only place of deposit for filth, which must be tilted, by the person conveying the same, clear of the Float; and for every violation of the Ordinance, the person so offending, shall forfeit and pay the sum of ten dollars, on conviction before the Mayor, or any Alderman in the city."

WM. CRAWFORD,
P. PEPPARD,
July 31—4t *Street Commissioners.*

MANN'S AXES.

50 DOZEN MANN'S AXES—first quality. Just received and for sale by

JOHN D. DAVIS & CO.,
June 14. *No. 38, Water street.*

20 BARRELS LOUISVILLE LIME—received per Steam Boat Champion, and for sale by JAMES IRWIN,
Corner of Market and Water streets.

May 28, 1833.—tf

WANTED, TO PURCHASE,

A SECOND HAND Barouche, or Dearborn. Enquire at this office.

July 26—4t*

DOCTOR JOSEPH TREVOR,

ALLEGHENY TOWN:

OFFICE in Robinson's Row—tenth door from the Canal Bridge.

May 28, 1833.—tf.

English Fowling Pieces.

THE Subscriber has received, and offers at low prices, a fine assortment of English Single and Double Barreled Fowling Pieces, of the first rate manufacture.

JOHN B. M'FADDEN,
August 2—4t* 85 Market street.

PITTSBURGH
Literary Reading Room.

THE Subscribers to the Pittsburgh Literary Reading Room, are respectfully informed that it is this day opened, over the Book Store of JOHN I. KAY & Co., No. 44 Market street.

N. B.—Those wishing to subscribe, will please call as above. Terms—Five dollars per annum; three dollars for six months, and two dollars for three months—payable in advance.

The room is open from an early hour in the morning until 10 o'clock in the evening.

August 1, 1833.

CUPPING & LEECHING.

D. B. SHRIEVES, (Successor to Dr. B. Best,) tenders his services to the Physicians and citizens of Pittsburgh as Cupper, Leecher, Bleeder, and Tooth Drawer.—Office nearly opposite the United States' Bank, Fourth street, Pittsburgh. July 31—tf

Merchants' and Manufacturers' Bank.

Pittsburgh, July 24th, 1833.

THIS Institution will be opened for business this day.

Discount days, Mondays and Thursdays. Notes must be offered on Saturday and Wednesday.

July 26, 1833.—tf.

Alex. Bailie's Wine Store,

CORNER OF THIRD AND MARKET STREETS,

WHERE he has on hand, and for sale, the following Superior Wines:

Chateaux Margaux,
do. Lafitte,
do. Leoville,
do. Latour,
Markebroner, 1807,
Johannesberger, 1811,
St. Julien Medoc,
Haut Sauterne.

ALSO—Every description of Wines kept constantly on hand. Apply as above.

June 18, 1833—tf

New & Valuable Publications.

VOLUME 4, *Condensed Chancery Reports.*—Reports of Cases decided in the High Court of Chancery, in England; edited by E. D. Ingraham, Esq., Counsellor at Law—containing the cases decided by Lord Elden, Lord Chancellor, Sir Thomas Plomer, Master of the Rolls, and Sir John Leach, Vice Chancellor, as reported by Mr. Jacob and by Lord Lyndhurst, Lord Chancellor, Sir John Leach, Master of the Rolls, and Sir Launcelot Shadwell, Vice Chancellor, as reported by Messrs. Russell and Mylne, in the first volume of their reports.

Sale's Koran---the Koran, commonly called the Alcoran of Mohammed—translated into English, immediately from the original Arabic, with explanatory notes, taken from the most approved commentators; to which is prefixed a preliminary Discourse, by George Lale, Gent., with a memoir of the translator, and with various readings and illustrative notes from Lavary's version of the Koran: first American edition, 2 vols., 8vo.

Commentaries on the Constitution of the United States, with a Preliminary Review of the Constitutional History of the Colonies and States, before the adoption of the Constitution. By Joseph Story, L. L. D., Dane Professor of Law in the Harvard University: 1 vol., 8vo.

A system of Universal Geography, Popular and Scientific, comprizing a Physical, Political, and Statistical account of the world, in its various divisions, embracing numerous sketches from recent travels, and illustrated by engravings of manners, costumes, curiosities, cities, edifices, remarkable animals, fruits, trees, and plants. By S. G. Goodrich: 1 vol., 8vo.

Chronology: or an Introduction and Index to Universal History, Biography, and Useful Knowledge; to which is added Valpy's Poetical Retrospect, Literary Chronology, and the latest Statistical Views of the World, with a Chart of History: in 1 vol.

The Principles of Christian Philosophy, containing the Doctrines, Duties, Admonitions, and Consolations of the Christian Religion: by John Burns, M. D. F. R. S. First Amer. Ed. 1 vol.

Saturday Evening: by the Author of Nat. Hist. of Enthusiasm. Third American Ed., 1 vol.

The New American Gardener; containing Practical Directions on the culture of Fruits and Vegetables, including Landscape and Ornamental Gardening, Grape Vines, Silk, Strawberries, &c. &c. By Thomas G. Fessenden, editor of the New England Farmer: 7th Edition.

The Buccaneer—a Tale: by Mrs. S. C. Hall, Author of "Sketches of Irish Character," &c. &c., in 2 vols.

Boys' and Girls' Library of Useful and Entertaining Knowledge; vols. 9, 10, and 11, containing Tales from American History; by the Author of American Lessons, &c., each volume comprizing a distinct subject and complete in itself, with numerous engravings.

Gallery of the Graces, a series of Portrait Illustrations of the most distinguished Poets and Prose Writers of Great Britain, engraved under the superintendence of W. & E. Finden, from Paintings designated expressly for this Work, by the most eminent Artists: Nos. 3 and 4. Portraits of the principal female characters in the Waverley Novels, with illustrated Letter Press, Nos. 3 and 4.

Finden's Landscape Illustrations to Murray's first complete and uniform edition of the Life and Works of Lord Byron, Nos. 1—13. The three above Works are most elegantly got up.

The above are just received and for sale by

JOHN I. KAY & Co.,
No. 44 Market street.

P. S. All the new Publications received as soon as published.

July 23, 1833.—tf.

New Theatre, Pittsburgh.

THE Public is respectfully informed, that this ELEGANT NEW THEATRE, at present building, in Fifth Street, will be opened for the Season, under the management of the subscriber, with a Dramatic Company not surpassed by any in the Union, on Monday, the Second of September, 1833.

The building has been substantially erected, by those well known Mechanics, Messrs. *Roseburg, Reynolds, Scott, & McCulloch*, after a plan drawn by John Haviland, Esq., of Philadelphia, whose justly acquired fame as an Architect will be increased by the style and Beauty of the Present Edifice.

A first rate London Artist has been employed, for the last three months, in preparing the *Dresses* especially for this Theatre, which, in point of

ELEGANCE AND SPLENDOR,

Will equal, if not surpass those belonging to the Metropolitan Theatres of New York, or Philadelphia.

THE SCENERY

Has been designed and executed by Mr. J. R. Smith, a young Artist of great talent, and whose productions may challenge comparison with those of the most distinguished Scene Painters of the day.

THE MACHINERY

Has been entrusted to the care of Mr. Stafford, late of the Philadelphia Theatres, and the direction of the

MECHANICAL DEPARTMENT

Will be placed under the Superintendence of Mr. Hoffner, of the Chesnut Street Theatre, Philadelphia.

In addition to the exertions of the Regular Company, most of whom are advantageously known in the Eastern Theatres, the Manager has great pride and pleasure in informing the inhabitants of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, that he has engaged, at great expense, the celebrated American Tragedian

MR. E. FORREST,

Who will have the honor of appearing before them at an early period, of which due notice will be given. Negotiations have already been entered into with the most distinguished Performers of the American Stage, who will appear in rapid succession—among others,

MR. & MRS. HILSON,
MISS CLARA FISHER,
MRS. KNIGHT,
MR. J. R. SCOTT,

Also, Mr. PARSLOE, of the Theatre, Covent Garden, London, &c. &c. &c.

In making these arrangements, the subscriber has used every exertion in his power to render THE THEATRE a place of rational amusement---

"To raise the genius and to mend the heart;
Shew Virtue her own features;
Vice her own image;
The age and body of the time, his form and pressure."

And he throws himself confidently on the liberality of the citizens of Pittsburgh for support.

FRAS. C. WEMYSS,
Lessee Pittsburgh Theatre.

July 19, 1833—tf.

5500 POUNDS SPANISH SOLE LEATHER—a superior article. Just received and for sale by

JAMES IRWIN,
Corner of Market and Water streets.

Pittsburgh, June 28, 1833.—tf

20 BOXES Y. H. TEA;
20 do. LEMONS;
Just received and for sale by

JAMES IRWIN,
Corner of Market and Water streets.

July 2, 1833.

National Portrait Gallery.

THE National Portrait Gallery of Distinguished Americans—conducted by James B. Longacre, Philadelphia, and James Herring, New York—under the superintendence of the American Academy of the Fine Arts. The Number sent as a specimen, contains the Portraits of Israel Putnam, Andrew Jackson, and Miss Sedgewick—price 50 cents per number, or $6 per year. Those wishing to subscribe for the above work, will please call at the Bookstore of

JOHN I. KAY & Co.
No. 44 Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh. May 31, 1833.—tf

TO LET,

THE Large Rooms in the brick building on the south west corner of Market and Fourth streets, occupied by the Pennsylvania Museum; immediate possession given. Enquire at the Museum. Feb. 5.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS
SUPPLIED WITH
Books and Stationery,

ON THE MOST REASONABLE TERMS, BY

JOHN I. KAY & Co.
BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS,

No. 44 Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh, March 26—tf

REMOVAL.

S. FAHNESTOCK & CO. have removed their Hardware Store to No. 86 Wood street, corner of Diamond alley.

Pittsburgh, January 25, 1833.—tf

DISSOLUTION.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of *M'Kee & Graham*, Hatters, is dissolved, by mutual consent; all persons, indebted to said firm, are requested to make payment to either of the subscribers, who will be found at the old stand, in the Diamond, and all persons having claims against the firm will present the same for settlement.

JOHN M'KEE,
JOHN GRAHAM.

June 14, 1833—6mo.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE Subscribers beg leave to inform their friends and the public in general, that they have purchased the extensive Hat Manufacturing Establishment of M'Kee & Graham, and will continue the business, in all its various branches, under the firm of

M'Lain, King & M'Cord,

At the old establishment, No. 16 Diamond. They will keep constantly on hand, a general assortment of the best and most fashionable Beaver, Castor Roram, and Wool Hats, *which they will warrant.*

Also, a general assortment of Hatters' Furs and Trimmings, which they will dispose of, on the most favorable terms. Orders from a distance, shall be punctually and promptly attended to.

BENJAMIN M'LAIN,
H. D. KING,
JOHN D. M'CORD.

June 14, 1833---6m.

We take pleasure in recommending to our former customers, Messrs. M'Lain, King & M'Cord, our successors, who, we believe, from their knowledge in the business, will afford satisfaction to all who may favor them with their custom.

JOHN M'KEE,
JOHN GRAHAM.

RAGS! RAGS!! RAGS!!!

FIVE and a half dollars per hundred for merchantable Rags will be given in BOOKS-STATIONERY, WRITING PAPER, WRAPPING PAPER, WALL PAPER, or in any article of Pittsburgh Manufacture, at Sylvester's Cheap Book Store, Corner of Wood and Third Streets, successor in the Book and Stationery business to Henry Holdship & Son.

Just Received,

100 Reams No. 1 Cap paper,
200 " 2 " "
300 " 3 " "
500 " Wrapping Paper,
200 " Letter Paper,
1000 doz. U. S. Spelling Books,
3000 pieces Wall Paper.

ON HAND,

A general assortment of Books and Stationery, Wholesale and Retail.

May 17, 1833.

JAMES IRWIN

HAS on hand, and offers for sale, on accommodating terms—

2,000 do. CAST STEEL;
500 do. CROWLEY STEEL;
4,000 do. LAMP BLACK;
4,000 do. COTTON YARN, No. 5 *a* 10
500 do. CANDLEWICK;
35 barrels PITCH;
30 tons LOG WOOD;
500,000 Kentucky SEGARS;
120 bundles BINDERS' BOARDS
75 groce BONNET BOARDS;
200 reams WRITING PAPER.

Pittsburgh, June 11, 1833---tf

MRS. BARLOW would be willing to receive into her family, three young Ladies, for Board and Tuition, in French, Italian, Music, for the Piano and Guitar, Drawing, English Grammar, Geography, History, Arithmetic, and Writing. For the latter branches, Mrs. B. will have the assistance of a competent English teacher.

Terms, $200 per annum, to be paid quarterly in advance.

Mignonnette, Bank of the Ohio, May 21.

CIRCULAR.

THE undersigned, late of the firm of Cochran & Irwin, having purchased the interest of Messrs. Dobbin & Irwin, and taken the house lately occupied by them, corner of Market and Water streets, is now prepared to transact a

General Commission and Forwarding Busines.

All consignments, or orders, addressed to him will meet with prompt attention, and every exertion will be made to promote the interest and secure the confidence of those who may entrust him with business.

A good assortment of *Pittsburgh Manufactured Articles*, at Manufacturers' prices, always on hand. JAMES IRWIN.

Pittsburgh, February 1, 1833.—tf

We take pleasure in recommending to our friends and customers, our successor, Mr. James Irwin, to whom we have sold our interest, and transferred our business. From our long acquaintance with Mr. Irwin, and entire confidence in his integrity and ability, we are well assured that he will give general satisfaction.

HAMILTON R. DOBBIN,
JAMES S. IRWIN.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 1, 1833.

SMITH & MELLOR,

TEACHERS OF MUSIC on the Piano Forte, Organ, Guitar, Singing, Flute, Violin, and Violincello. Pupils on the Piano Forte, Organ, Guitar, and Singing, will be instructed at their dwellings, or at the Music Room of the subscribers. For terms, &c., apply at their Music Store, No. 9 Fifth street, between Wood and Market. SMITH & MELLOR.

June 21, 1833—tf

FOR THE CURE OF THE TOOTH-ACHE.—The subscribers, having united in the purchase of all Dr. Thomas White's right, (as expressed in his Letters Patent, obtained of the United States, on the 29th July, 1829,) to make and sell the said White's Celebrated Tooth-Ache Drops, in the county of Allegheny, are prepared to supply the city and county with any quantity of said Drops, and warrant them *genuine*.—Sold at Retail, by E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist, at his office, No 70 Fourth street; Wholesale, by JOHN HANNEN & Co., corner of Market and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh.

E. HALE, Dentist,
J. HANNEN, Druggist.

☞ The subscriber, in his practice as a Dentist, having successfully and to a considerable extent used "Doctor T. White's Vegetable Tooth Ache Drops," can recommend them, when *genuine*, as superior to any other remedy now in use. If obtained of the subscriber, a *cure* is *guarantied*.

A certificate of the Patentee may be seen at the office of the subscriber, No. 70 Fourth street, near Wood; where all Dental operations will be performed to the satisfaction of the patient, or no charges required.

E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist.

April 15—tf

FOR SALE—A number of Shares of Stock in the Navigation and Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh.

Apply to GEORGE A. COOK, Broker, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh. June 19.

REMOVAL.

S. J. SYLVESTER takes this opportunity to return his acknowledgments to his customers for their very liberal support, and asks a continuance of their custom, at his new stand, on the corner of Wood and Third streets, recently occupied by Messrs. Holdship & Son, who have declined the Book Business in his favor. To the customers of Messrs. Holdship, he would say that an extensive assortment of every article in the Book and Stationery Business will be found at his store, at the lowest possible rates.

☞ Country Merchants will find a more extensive assortment of Books than in any other establishment, and at lower prices than at any other store in the western country, on the most liberal terms. S. J. SYLVESTER,

Corner of Wood and Third streets, Pittsburgh.

April 2, 1833.

GEORGE COCHRAN, OF R'D,

WILL be prepared to receive Consignments of American Manufactures and Produce, at the Domestic Warehouse, No. 26, Wood street. He intends transacting a GENERAL COMMISSION BUSINESS, and will use his best exertions to render his establishment useful to the Merchant, Manufacturer, and others, who favor nim with their business. He will be constantly supplied with ageneral assortment of DOMESTIC GOODS, at Wholesale, on the most favorable terms.

☞ The partnership of COCHRAN & IRWIN was dissolved on the 1st instant, by mutual consent.

Pittsburgh, January 11, 1833.—tf

Storage, Forwarding, and Commission WAREHOUSE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully inform Merchants, Iron-masters, Salt Manufacturers, and the public in general, that they have commenced the above business, in the new and extensive brick house two doors below the bridge, where they will Receive and Forward GOODS, IRON, SALT, &c. destined for the West by the Pennsylvania Canal, and for the East, by the Northern Turnpike. By strict attention to business, they hope to merit and receive a share of public favors. Charges for Forwarding and Commission will be moderate.

JAMES SPEER,
MARK GRAHAM.

Blairsville, Oct. 27—tf.

REMOVAL.

DOCTOR E. C. S. SUGG,

SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,
(From London, and recently of Baltimore,)

HAS Removed from his residence in Irwin street, to No. 57 Liberty street, corner of Virgin alley, *(the house lately occupied by Doctor J. S. Irwin,)* where he continues the practice of his profession, in all its various branches. Dr. S. will keep for sale a choice assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES, DYE-STUFFS, PAINTS, &c. Also, Family Medicines of his own compounding and selection. April 22—tf

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☞ *Building Materials and Workmen*

WANTED.

PROPOSALS will be received, by the Commissioners of the Western Penitentiary, on or before Friday, the 5th inst., for supplying the following quantity and kinds of building materials.

BRICKS.

100 thousand good, hard, well burnt bricks.

STONE.

2 thousand perches of select building stone.

LIME.

5 thousand bushels of well wood burnt stone lime.

SAND.

20 thousand bushels of good, clean river sand.

LUMBER.

50 thousand feet inch measure of two inch white oak plank;

25 thousand feet inch measure 3 by 5 inch white oak scantling;

30 thousand feet, inch measure, of common white pine sap boards;

5 hundred common rafters, 27 feet long, 3 by 5 inches, of white pine or hemlock;

100 thousand common white pine shingles;

20 thousand common four feet plastering laths;

15 thousand feet, inch measure, of two inch common hemlock, or white pine plank.

CAST IRON.

240 thousand pounds of door jambs, sky lights, ventillators, breckets, water pipes, &c., as per patterns and drawings.

WROUGHT IRON.

200 plates of ¼ inch boiler iron, 2 by 5 feet; 20 tons of bar iron, as per bill of dimensions.

WORKMEN.

A few first rate bricklayers and masons are wanted, to whom good wages and constant employment will be given, on being found competent. Also, a Blacksmith, of ability and industry.

Any information may be obtained of the subscriber, at the Prison, or Exchange Hotel.

JOHN HAVILAND, Architect.

☞ The Mercury and Advocate will insert the above until forbidden. April 2—tf

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THOMAS ANDERSON & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
LOUISVILLE, Ky.

Refer to M'Kee, Clarke & Co. } Pittsburgh.
Jas. Adams, Jr. & Co. }
Hamilton Stewart, }

STORAGE & FORWARDING.—Thomas Anderson & Co. have extensive warehouses, and are prepared to Receive and Forward Merchandise, in any direction required

may 14, 1830.—tf.

SATIN BEAVER HAT MANUFACTORY,

NO. 6 ST. CLAIR STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

WILSON & SMITH, from N. York,

RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Pittsburgh and the neighboring towns, that they have commenced the manufacture of the above beautiful and elegant article, so much admired and worn throughout Europe, and the principal cities in the United States.

W. & S. beg leave to observe, that, after various experiments, they have at last succeeded in bringing this Hat to the highest state of perfection, and they can assert, with confidence, that in point of color, lightness, elasticity, durability, and general beauty of appearance, they cannot be surpassed by the most expensive Hat that is made. Gentlemen are invited to call and examine them, and judge for themselves.

Wholesale Dealers supplied at the same prices as in the New York markets.

April 23—1y

ABSCONDED from the Clinton Paper Mill, Steubenville, ABRAHAM WILLARD, an indented apprentice to Henry Holdship & Son.

All persons are cautioned against employing, harboring, or trusting him, as we will pay no debts of his contracting.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON.

June 21, 1833.

OFFICE

FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF GOLD, SILVER, AND NOTES.

WANTED, AT HIGH PREMIUMS,

American Gold,	Guineas,
Sovereigns,	Ducats,
Doubloons,	Napoleons,
Guilders,	Len Thalers,
Louisd'ors,	Johannes.

Every description of Bank Note Paper discounted at the lowest rates:

Drafts and Notes of hand collected:

Interest allowed on Special Deposits:

Certificates issued payable in 30, 60, or 70 days after date, with interest.

GEORGE A. COOK,
Oct. 23 Exchange Broker.

DOMESTIC CLOTH HALL,

No. 72 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

HAMILTON STEWART,
MANUFACTURER OF

Linen and Cotton Goods.

WHICH he offers for sale at eastern manufacturers' prices, without any addition of carriage, at 3, 4, or 6 months acceptances.

N. B.—Five per cent. discount on all orders exceeding $100. march 19—tf.

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm of *Towne & Gazzam*, is this day dissolved by mutual consent; those indebted are requested to make payment to A. H. Gazzam, who is authorised to setile the business of the firm, and those having claims will present the same to him for adjustment and payment.

JOHN TOWNE.

Mobile, may 15, 1831. [June 3.—tf.]

CITY AUCTION ROOM,

NO. 41 WOOD STREET.

Opposite the Pittsburgh Hotel.

P. M'KENNA, *Auctioneer*, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he is now prepared, at the above establishment, to discharge the duties of his office, and hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage. ☞ Regular days of Public Sales, every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 10, A. M. and 2, P. M.; and Evening Sales on TUESDAY and FRIDAY of each week.

Pittsburgh, November 5, 1830 tf.

TO RENT,

THE Two Three Story Brick Stores, erected by the subscriber, in Wood street, on Sturgeon's Lots. Possession given on the first of April. Apply to GEORGE A. COOK,

March 22. No. 68, Wood street, Pittsburgh.

MILL AND CROSS-CUT SAWS.

THE Subscriber has the satisfaction to say to the public, and his friends, that he has connected with his other business, the manufactury of Mill and Cross Cut Saws; and can furnish supplies to merchants and others: he believes them to be equal to any ever used in the western country—the experience of the workmen employed, with the known good qualities of the steel, justifies him in warranting the article to any who may be disposed to patronize western industry.

Z. PACKARD.

Northern Liberties, Pittsburgh, } tf
December 9, 1831. }

The undersigned, agent for the Point Saw Mill, in Pittsburgh, takes pleasure in saying, that the Mill Saws, made by Z. Packard, and which are now in use, in his mill, are equal, if not superior, to any he has ever used.

ISAAC WICKERSHAM, Ag't.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 21, 1831.

FOR SALE.

A NUMBER of valuable BUILDING LOTS in the vicinity of this city, part of the estate of Dr. George Stevenson, late of Wilmington, (Del.) deceased. For terms apply to the subscribers.

W. M'KNIGHT,
HARMAR DENNY,
J. SNYDER,

Pittsburgh, Nov. 3, 1829—tf *Executors.*

A CARD.

DOCTOR HEWETSON, Licentiate of the Royal College of Edinburgh, has commenced the practice of Physic and Surgery, in this city. Office in Fourth street, next door to the Museum.

☞ Advice given gratis, to the Poor, from 8 to 10 o'clock on Tuesday and Friday mornings.

July 19, 1833—6w

JOB PRINTING

EXECUTED, with neatness and despatch, at the Office of the PITTSBURGH GAZETTE. April 26

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE

IN ALLEGHENY TOWN.

THE Subscriber wishes to sell a number of building lots, handsomly situated, being bounded by Ohio street, Sandusky street, and Gay alley.

The terms of payment will be made known, and a plan of the lots shown to any person, on application to the subscriber, living in Allegheny town, or to Mr. John Irwin, at his Rope Warehouse, corner of Liberty and Fourth streets, in Pittsburgh. ALEXANDER SEMPLE.

Pittsburgh, April 20, 1832.—tf

NOTICE.—*John Hannen* has taken his son-in law, *John E. Park*, into partnership with him in the Drug business, and in the manufacturing of white lead; and all their transactions will be done under the firm of JOHN HANNEN & CO. All persons indebted to John Hannen, are required to make payment without delay.

January 21.

DOCTOR ROBERT'S

☞ *WELCH MEDICAMENTUM.* ☜

FOR the cure of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints Jaundice, Cholic, Fever and Ague, Dysentery, Headach, Loss of Appetite, Flatulence, Hypochondria, Hysterics, Dropsical Complaints, and Heartburn, It also prevents all Bilious disorders, and removes habitual Costiveness, Asthma, Strangury, Gravel, Rheumatism, Gout, and Impurities of the Blood.

A person who uses this Medicamentum will not require the use of the lancet, or any means of the healing art. It restores and revives the animal spirits, invigorates the system, removes nervous tremors, obtunds rheumatic and anthritic pains, and prevents their return. It cleanses the stomach of all morbid humors, which cause indigestion, acidities, headach, and lowness of spirits; cures all bilious disorders, and all cholics of the stomach and bowels, almost immediately; inspires cheerfulness; gives comfort to the dropsical; takes away palpitation of the heart; gives circulation to the blood; restores bloom to the sallow or sickly cheek, and plumpness to the meagre habit; purges without pain, and banishes all cause of fever of every kind. It acts on the stomach, that great reservoir of the human system, a diseased state of which causes all diseases. No alteration in the usual habits of life is required, but the abstaining from distilled ardent spirits.

CERTIFICATE,

From Rev. Derick Lansing, D. D., Pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church in Utica.

Utica, Jan. 6, 1830.

To Dr. Hitchcock.—Dear Sir: I have always been one of the number of those who have placed little confidence in *nostrums* or *specifics*, and for this reason, although I saw your advertisement of the Welch Medicamentum, I could not bring my mind to consent to use it. My sufferings, from indigestion, during the past summer, were so severe, as materially to affect my comfort, and my capacity for usefulness. I have reason to thank you, sir, that, on hearing of the state of my health, you kindly sent me your Medicamentum. I have taken it faithfully, and with entire success. I have not been visited with one of those turns of distress, which before were weekly periodical, since I began to take your valuable medicine. Could I receive the same relief which I have hitherto experienced, on condition of taking it for life, I should cheerfully comply with such condition. Your's, very truly, D. C. LANSING.

☞ Sold by THOMPSON & MILLER, at their Drug Warehouse, No. 81 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Nov. 26 tf.

Receiving & Forwarding House,

NEW ORLEANS

THE SUBSCRIBER begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has established himself in NEW ORLEANS, for the purpose of attending exclusively to the Receiving and Forwarding of Merchandise; and feels confident, from his experience in business, and determination of adopting well regulated and moderate charges, of giving satisfaction to those who may entrust their business to his care. WM. BUCHANAN.

Refer to Messrs. Allen & Grant, Riddle, Forsyth & Co., or M'Kee, Clarke & Co. Pittsburgh.

October 26, 1830—tf.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN. That the Notes, Book Accounts, and all other property of Rebert Patterson and J. H. Lambdin, late Stationers and Paper Manufacturers, trading under the firm of R. Patterson & Lambdin, have been assigned to the subscribers this day, for the benefit of creditors.

HENRY HOLDSHIP,
C. ANSHUTZ,
MARTIN RAHM.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 22, 1823—tf

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25 HHDS. N. O. Sugar;
30 bbls. Molasses;
75 Bales Tennessee & Alabama Cotton;
200 bbls. Loaf Sugar;
40 do. Tar;
12 bbls. Sweet Malaga Wine;
1200 Tennessee Blooms;

In store, and for sale, by

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.

Dec. 25.—tf.

Kensington Rolling Mill.

S. & R. LEONARD have associated with them A. M'N. SEMPLE. The business in future will be conducted under the firm o LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD; at the above place, on the Monongahela River, above Suke's Run.

The agency of W. H. Hays is discontinued.

LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD intend making and constantly keeping on hand the following kinds of IRON, of the neatest and best quality, which they offer on accommodating terms:

1d. 2d. 3d. 4d. 5d. 6d. 8d. and 10d. Hoop,
Round and Square, from 1-4 in. to 3, in.
Nail, Chain, Deck. and Spike Rods,
Tire and Flat Iron,—all sizes.

Pittsburgh, may 21, 1829—tf.

NOTICE.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of Thompson & Miller, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to said firm are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present the same for settlement.

ROBERT THOMPSON,
THOMAS MILLER.

Jan. 1st, 1833.

The business will be continued, in future, by Robert Thompson & John Scott, Jr., under the firm of

THOMPSON & SCOTT,

At the old stand, No. 81 Wood, between Fourth street and Diamond alley, where will be constantly kept a general and choice assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs, &c. &c.

☞ The subscriber, on retiring from the above firm of Thompson & Miller, takes pleasure in recommending his successors, Thompson & Scott, to the patronage o the old customers, and the public generally.

THOMAS MILLER.

Feb. 19, 1833.—tf.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE Partnership formerly existing between the Subscribers, under the name and firm of S. C. BEVER & CO., was dissolved, by mutual consent, on the 5th instant.

All persons who are indebted to said firm are requested to make immediate payment to C. Bever, who is duly authorized to receive and receipt for the same; and all persons having claims against said firm, are requested to present the same to S. C. Bever. S. C. BEVER,
WILLIAM EBERHART.

☞ The business will, hereafter, be carried on by the Subscribers, under the firm of BEVER & WOLTZ, who solicit a share of the public patronage and custom.

S. C. BEVER,
G. B. WOLTZ,

Brownsville, July 12, 1833.—tf

Notice to Creditors, &c.

SAMUEL STEVENSON, of the city of Pittsburgh, Merchant, having assigned all his Goods, Merchandise, Accounts, and Effects to the subscribers, in trust, for the benefit of his creditors, as named in his deed of Assignment. All persons indebted to him are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned; and those having claims against him, will present them for settlement.

WILLIAM BELL, Jr.
JOHN ALEXANDER,
THOMAS STEVENSON.

August 14—tf

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE Bank of Pittsburgh offers for sale the following valuable property in this city viz:—ALL that piece of ground, situated on the north side of Diamond Alley, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, containing in front on Diamond Alley fifteen feet, and extending back half way to Fifth Street, on which is erected a two story brick dwelling house, with back bnildings, now occupied by Copernicus Walters.

Also, That piece of ground, situated on Third street, between Wood street and Hay Scale Alley, containing in front upon Third street about twenty feet, and extending back along said alley about eighty-five feet: on which are erected one two story brick dwelling and back buildings.

Also, All that tract of Land, situated on Turtle Creek, commonly called "Dirty Camp."

For terms apply to the CASHIER

January 22, 1830.—tf

TO COMMISSION MERCHANTS

SYLVESTER has on hand, at manufacturers' prices, an extensive assortment of

Cap Writing Paper, Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4;
Letter do do 1, 2, and 3;
Printing Paper, of all sizes and qualities;
Tea and Wrapping Paper, at manufacturers' prices;

Rags, Tanners' Scraps, and Scutching Tow, taken in exchange for Paper, or Cash will be given, when required, at S. J. SYLVESTER'S,

Late H. Holdship & Son, corner of Wood and Third streets. April 2.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—*John S. Riddle*, (late of the house of Riddle, Forsyth & Co. Pittsburgh,) has formed a connexion with *Washington Jackson*, of Philadelphia. The house will be conducted under the firm of

Washington Jackson & Riddle,

No. 20, South Front street,
PHILADELPHIA.

They will make purchases and effect sales for foreign accounts, and will be pleased to receive consignments of the staples and produce of the west, making liberal advances on all goods addressed to them for sale. January 18—tf

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BRITISH LUSTRE,

For Polishing Stoves & Grates.

THIS LUSTRE, with a little rubbing, will produce a brilliancy highly ornamental; and, when once obtained, may be easily preserved.

For sale by H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co.
March 22—tf No. 42 Market street.

ANTI-DYSPEPTIC ELIXER.

ONE of the most agreeable and efficacious Medicines ever discovered for the permanent cure of those chronic states of derangement of the stomach, constituting that miserable disease called Dyspepsia.

The basis of this Elixer is vegetables, and perfectly innocent in its operation; it destroys that sour state of the stomach, the instant it is taken, and stops the morbid secretion, by giving strength to the muscular fibre of that important organ, by which means the peristaltic motion of the intestines is increased, and the costiveness obviated; a new action is given to the system, which puts an end to a train of distressing nervous sensations.

Another form of the disease in which the Elixer is admirably calculated to relieve, is the decline of fever, where the stomach will not bear the ordinary strengthening medicines indicated in such cases, it has the surprising effect of giving vigor, and restoring the natural secretions of the body, without increasing the febrile state. Not the least danger is to be apprehended from exposure to cold, while under the use of this medicine, nor will it interrupt necessary employment of the patient a single hour.

☞ A number of cases of cures performed by the Anti-Dyspeptic Elixer in the vicinity of Pittsburgh can be given.

For sale by H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co., No. 42 Market street. August 24, 1832.—tf

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E. HALE, SURGEON DENTIST,

HAS removed to the house lately occupied by Mr. Saml. P. Darlington, No. 71 in Fourth street, next door to the corner of Wood st. where he will be happy to wait upon those who may require his professional services, in all its various branches.

N. B.—For sale, a superior Tooth Powder. Also, J. White's Tooth Ache Drops.

March 10, 1832.—tf

GEO. W. CARPENTER'S

COMPOUND SYRUP OF LIVERWORT,

A SAFE and Valuable Medicine for Coughs, Spitting of Blood, Consumption, and Liver Complaints.

Most of the medicines made use of for the above diseases are of a stimulating nature, composed generally of Resins and Balsams, in alcoholic solutions, which, although sometimes giving temporary relief, in almost every instance where they are freely used, aggravate the disease, and reduce the strength of the patient.

This article possesses superior advantages over these preparations, its action being of a tonic, invigorating and strengthening nature, thus overcoming the disease by promoting expectoration, and gradully increasing the strength of the patient, and thus, without being attended with any unpleasant effects: it also agrees with the stomach, in a cases, and is a pleasant medicine to take.

Sold by

H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co.
No. 42 Market Street.

Dec. 4, 1832.—tf

CANVASSED HAMS.

JUST received, in superior order, 1000 CANVASSED HAMS—for sale by

JAMES ADAMS, Jr. & Co.,
Nov. 13—tf Water street.

PATENT PLANING MACHINE.—The right to use this valuable machine, invented and patented by William Woodworth, and known as Woodworth's Patent Planing Machine, may be obtained on application to the subscriber for the counties of Allegheny, Butler, Beaver, Washington, Green, Fayette, Somerset, Cambria, Indiana, Jefferson, Clearfield, M'Kean, Warren, Venango, Mercer, Crawford, and Erie, in the State of Pennsylvania. That part of Maryland lying west of the Blue Ridge; all that part of Virginia lying west of the Blue Ridge, except the county of Ohio. The whole of the state of Ohio except the counties of Hamilton, Butler, and Montgomery. The whole of the state of Kentucky, except the counties of Jefferson, Boone, Oldham, Gallatin, and Campbell. The whole of Indiana, except the counties of Floyd, Clark, Jefferson, Dearborn, and Switzerland. The whole of the state of Illinois, and the territory of Michigan. Rights to use the machine in that part of the United States, named above, will be sold by the single county or in larger districts. As it is presumed that no one will purchase without seeing the machine at work, a description of it is deemed unnecessary. Should any person, however, wish to purchase, and find it inconvenient to visit the places where it is in operation, a machine will be furnished, warranted to plane, tongue and groove, and bring to an exact width and thickness, a white pine board of 12 feet long, and of any width from 1 to 14 inches, in one minute and ten seconds, or an oak board of the same dimensions in 2 minutes and 10 seconds. Machines may be seen at work in the cities of New Orleans, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and others at the south and east, at Wheeling, Virginia, and at the saw mill of Messrs. Irwin & Herron, in this city.

Persons desiring to purchase will have the certificates of scientific and practical men who have seen it at work, in the different places in which it has been put up, forwarded to them. They give their opinion as to the great value of the invention, state the time they have seen boards dressed by this machine, and describe the quality of the work as compared with that performed by hand labor.

LEONARD CHESTER,
Acting for the Proprietor.

Pittsburgh Hotel, April 19, 1831.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale the farm on which he lives, in Washington county, on Pigeon creek, one mile south of Williamsport, on the Monongahela river, to which there is a perfectly level road. This farm contains near 400 acres, the greater part of which is first rate land. There is on the premises a Brick Dwelling House, a Merchant mill, in good repair, a new saw mill, a stone still house, 35 by 40 feet; a salt works is also in operation, and worked to advantage; about 150 acres of land cleared and under good fence. There is on the premises three small tenements for the accommodation of families. This tract is well timbered, and abounds with stone coal and springs of water, both of the best quality.

To a person wishing to embark in a manufacturing business, and possessing capital, this would be a very desirable situation, having the advantage of both water power from Pigeon creek, and banks of the very best coal near to the works, and easy of access, and its vicinity to so navigable a river, where articles of any kind are so cheaply transported to Pittsburgh.

For further particulars, apply to James P. Stuart, Merchant, Wood street, Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber on the premises.

Dec. 16—tf. ROB'T. M'FARLAND.

To Baltimore and Philadelphia TRAVELLERS.

THE LINE OF STAGES between Chambersburgh and Baltimore, on the Somerset and Mountpleasant route, has been doubled, and now runs DAILY, (Mondays excepted,) leaving Chambersburgh *at day-light* in the morning, and arriving in Baltimore, early the same evening.

Passengers reach Philadelphia, in this way, the second afternoon, from Chambersburgh, without the loss of any rest; taking the splendid STEAM BOAT LINES, which set out at 6 o'clock in the morning, [via CHESAPEAKE AND DELAWARE CANAL, a work well worth the trip to see.]

REESIDE, Owner.

In all cases where the passengers desire to reach Baltimore in time for the 5 o'clock steam-boat to Philadelphia, they can do so by leaving Chambersburgh at one o'clock in the morning, or immediately after the arrival of the Western Mail Stage. In this way, they arrive in Philadelphia, by eight o'clock the *second morning*, from Chambersburgh.

☞ When a load offers, the stage will run on Mondays. April 23, 1830.—tf.

TYPE FOUNDRY.

HAVING purchased of Mr. Richard Ronaldson, his long established and very extensive Type Foundry, the subscribers have formed a co-partnership for the purpose of continuing said business, and for the convenience of their friends and patrons, have removed their establishment to a more central part of the city. As it is their intention to keep on hand a good assortment of the best type, and to make such additions and improvements as the taste of the trade and the wants of the country require, they flatter themselves that this establishment will merit a large share of patronage. They have now several founts on hand, which can be furnished at a few hours' notice, and are prepared to make founts of all weights and sizes, from Pearl to 22 lines Pica, including a variety of Ornamental Letter. Their assortment of Cuts, Dashes, Brass Rule, and other Ornaments, will be found to be very extensive, of which specimens will be forwarded to Printers as soon as they can be prepared.

Printing Presses of every description, Printing Ink of the most approved qualities, Composing Sticks, Brass and Common Galleys, Chases, Imposing Stones, Cases, Paper and Press Boards, Standing Presses, Furniture, together with a complete assortment of all articles used in a Printing Office, will be kept constantly on hand.

Small founts, suitable for Book Binders, in great variety, may be had when called for.

Orders from all parts in the Union will be promptly and most carefully attended to, and particularly in supplying *sorts* for all founts furnished by their predecessors, Binny & Ronaldson, and Richard Ronaldson.

JOHNSTON & SMITH,
No. 6, George street.

Philad. Feb. 18, 1833.

N. B. A good Washington Super Royal Press, and 3 Standing Presses, in good order—together with several founts of 2d hand type, will be sold low.

Stereotyping, in all its branches, executed by L. Johnson, as heretofore.

March 19.